



TEST FOR UNIT 12

i- Listening.

A. Listen and decide if each statement is true (T) or false (F).

No.	Statement	True or false
1.	Robots are special machines that follow instruction and can move.	
2.	Robots neither make mistakes nor complains.	
3.	There are robots which can make cars but there are no robots which can do household chores.	
4.	In the future, it seems that there are not as many robots as now.	
5.	Robots have no capability to fight wars.	

B. Listen again and complete the text.

<i>Unless</i>	<i>fires</i>	<i>telephone calls</i>	<i>mistakes</i>	<i>life</i>
<i>volcanoes</i>	<i>instructions</i>	<i>dangerous</i>	<i>robots</i>	<i>vacuum</i>

ROBOTS

A robot is a machine. But it is not just any machine. It is a special kind of machine. It is a machine that moves. It follows (1)_____. The instructions come from a computer. Because it is a machine, it does not make (2)_____. And it does not get tired. And it never complains. (3)_____ you tell it to!

Robots are all around us. Some robots are used to make things. For example, robots can help make cars. Some robots are used to explore (4)_____ places. For example, robots can help explore (5). Some robots are used to clean things. These robots can help (6)_____ your house. Some robots can even recognize words. They can be used to help answer (7)_____.

In the future, we will have even more (8)_____. They will do things that we can't do. Or they will do things that we don't want to do. Or they will do things that are too dangerous for us. Robots will help us fight (9)_____. They will help us fight wars. They will help us fight sickness. They will help us discover things. They will help make (10)_____ better.

i- Pronunciations

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the other three in each question.(More exercise)

- A. what B. walk C. water D. wall
- A. toilet B. cloudy C. about D. fountain
- A. thirty B. both C. theme D. them
- A. brother B. through C. then D. weather
- A. wear B. dear C. fear D. hear
- A. iron B. rock C. right D. ring

- | | | | |
|----------------|-------------|----------------|--------------|
| 7. A. cow | B. how | C. now | D. low |
| 8. A. couch | B. soup | C. ground | D. house |
| 9. A. opinion | B. open | C. robot | D. rose |
| 10. A. couch | B. mouth | C. sound | D. cough |
| 11. A. comb | B. computer | C. communicate | D. recognize |
| 12. A. around | B. noisy | C. shouting | D. flower |
| 13. A. decided | B. washed | C. needed | D. invited |
| 14. A. looks_ | B. keeps | C. wants | D. hears |
| 15. A. poison | B. voice | C. coin | D. tortoise |
| 16. A. slow | B. allow | C. powder | D. tower |
| 17. A. now | B. down | C. show | D. cow |
| 18. A. young | B. ground | C. cloud | D. couch |
| 19. A. toy | B. join | C. voice | D. tortoise |
| 20. A. could | B. count | C. town | D. found |
| 21. A. slow | B. flower | C. know | D. bowl |
| A. the | B. there | C. think | D. they |
| 2223. A. earth | B. father | C. theater | D. thanks |
| 24. A. shout | B. south | C. country | D. plough |
| 25. A. cow | B. show | C. crown | D. allow |

4- Stress

Choose the word which has a different stress pattern from the other three in each question.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| 1. A. marathon | B. recycle | C. recognize | D. national |
| 2. A. station | B. water | C. reduce | D. lovely |
| 3. A. supermarket | B. antarctica | C. environment | D. incredible |
| 4. A. bottle | B. robots | C. rubbish | D. design |
| 5. A. building | B. forest | C. meter | D. Chinese |
| 6. A. doctor | B. fourteen | C. mother | D. greeting |
| 7. A. understand | B. complicated | C. comfortable | D. character |
| 8. A. distance | B. unhappy | C. different | D. family |
| 9. A. minor | B. simple | C. human | D. agree |
| 10. A. useful | B. laundry | C. express | D. nothing |
| 11. A. armchair | B. student | C. classmate | D. repeat |
| 12. A. afternoon | B. engineer | C. eleven | D. seventeen |
| 13. A. bookcase | B. number | C. command | D. ninety |
| 14. A. gardening | B. zodiac | C. curious | D. opinion |
| 15. A. number | B. morning | C. greeting | D. repeat |

i- Multiple choice

Choose the word or phrase that best completes each sentence below.

- What's the _____ film you've ever seen?
A. good B. best C. better D. the best
- You should have a good habit of _____ the bed after you wake up every morning.

A. doing B. making C. putting D. sticking

3. Peter is the _____ student in my class.

A. taller than B. so tall as C. the tallest D. tallest

4.1 can't _____ this big cupboard. I need to ask for some help to move it into my kitchen.

A. lift B. throw C. show D. hold

5. They can see a lot of _____ of robots such as teaching robots, doctor robots or space robots when they come to the robot centre.

A. buildings B. roles C. things D. types

6. Some people are afraid that robots with a lot of _____ will be able to be used for bad purposes.

A. energy B. power C. activities D. work

7. The deep oceans contain some of the _____ of all living creatures.

A. strange B. strangest C. as strange as D. stranger

8.1 do not agree _____ the idea that robots will be useful to us in the future.

A. with B. in C. on D. by

9. There were some amazing robots _____ the international robot show.

A. on B. at C. for D. of

10. In five years, some robots will be able to speak with human _____ .

A. life B. body C. voice D. way

11. In the past, robots had a _____ role, but they will play a very important role in the future.

A. useful B. minor C. complicated D. dangerous

12. _____ can help children improve their basic learning skills.

A. Home robots B. Doctorrobots C. Worker robots D. Teaching robots

13. _____ houses are full of machines that can help us with the housework.

A. big B. modern C. important D. old

14. Robots can help mothers with the household chores like cooking, vacuuming, and _____ clothes.

A. washing B. doing C. making D. cleaning

15. Engineers are trying to make robots _____ and behave like humans.

A. eat B. sleep C. think D. run

16. Robots are also used in _____ situations, for example, repairing nuclear plants, cleaning toxic waste.

A. normal B. easy C. dangerous D. fast

17. It's difficult for him _____ these flying robots because they are very small.

A. to recognise B. recognise C. recognising D. recognized

18. He wants to enjoys a(n) _____ life with the support of modern robots in the future.

A. uncomfortable B. uncomfortably C. comfortable D. comfortably

19. My father is controlling a robot to cut the green _____ in the garden while my mother is doing the dishes in the kitchen.

A. paper B. fence C. coin D. hedge

20. 'Some experts say robots will be smarter than humans within two decades.'

' _____ A robot is just a machine, I think/

- A. Not for me. B. I totally disagree. C. Never mind D. I agree

21. Which robot can make coffee?

- A. Space robot B. Doctor robot C. Worker robot D. Home robot

22. Which robot can help sick people?

- A. Space robot B. Doctor robot C. Worker robot D. Home robot

23. Robots can _____ our houses when we are away.

- A. see B. guard C. look at D. look

24. In the future, robots will do more _____ things for us.

- A. easy B. harder C. complicated D. much difficult

25. Robots will be able to _____ the personal computer in the future.

- A. do B. replace C. make D. recognize

26. Robots can't talk to people or recognise our voices, but scientists are working _____ the solution.

- A. at B. on C. in D. with

27. She is _____ singer I've ever meet

- A. the worse B. bad C. worst D. badly

28. She is the _____ daughter in the family.

- A. older B. more old C. eldest D. oldest

29. - Will robots be able to predict the weather?

- A. It will happen in the future. B. No, they will.
C. It's impossible. D. Yes, I hope so.

30. - What does your brother think about using robots in medicine?

- A. He agree with this idea. He thinks they will help the sick a lot.
B. No problem. He doesn't understand how they can do it.
C. He likes it. They're very interesting.
D. No, thanks. He thinks robots can't replace doctors.

4- Cloze test

A. Choose the correct word A, B, or C for each of the gaps to complete the following text.

Robots _____ (1) an important role in our life. They have changed people's lives in many ways. First of all, they _____ (2) time and human labor. Thanks to robots, we don't have to spends days and months _____ (3) repeated work. For example, to produce French fries, we need human _____ (4) potatoes, wash, then peel, cut them into pieces and finally fry them all. If we have robots to do the task, we will save a lot of time and produce more products.

Secondly, robots help to replace human in dangerous work. Now we _____ (5) human to do such work as mining minerals. It's helpful because there have been lots of people lose their lives in such jobs. However, it's costly to buy a robot.

1. A. play B. plays C. playing D. to play
2. A. have B. save C. make D. give

3. A. do B. to do C. doing D. did
4. A. to buy B. buy C. buying D. buys
5. A. won't need B. don't need C. didn't need D. not need

B. Choose the correct word A, B, or C for each of the gaps to complete the following text.

Carrying your own bags is such a (1)_____ . With Gita Robot, worry no more. This compact robot is designed to follow you around (2)_____ you're out and about in town or on the way to work. The robot is capable (3)_____ carrying the equivalent of a case of wine, a loaded rucksack or two shopping bags, so it's an (4)_____ companion for a quick trip down to the shops. In the future, you (5)_____ be able to leave the car at home and stretch your legs without the misery of carrying your (6)_____ home.

1. A. work B. chore C. part D. way
2. A. because B. though C. whether D. while
3. A. in B. for C. of D. on
4. A. ideal B. pleasant C. expensive D. uncomfortable
5. A. can B. could C. will D. might
6. A. buying B. shopping C. selling D. pushing

4- Reading comprehension

A. Read the passage then choose the correct answers.

Robots have always played an important role in modern human society. In the 1930s, robots were first introduced in factories because they can work faster than human. Since then robots has become more and more advanced. In 2015, a factory whose workers are all robots was built in China. Robots is also helping human with tasks they can't carry out such as turning off bombs, exploring the surface of Mars... Nowadays, robots can even be found in a number of families. They are mostly used for small chores like vacuuming and cleaning. As technology advances every day, robot will be able to take on more difficult and complex tasks in the future.

1. When did robots begin working in factories?
A. In 2015. B. In 1930.
C. Since the 1930s. D. Since they became advanced.
2. Why does the writer give the example of a Chinese factory?
A. To show the importance of robots in human society.
B. To stress the development of robots.
C. To explain the danger of robots' tasks.
D. To make robots become more advanced.
3. How many advantages of robots does the writer mention in the passage?
A. There are 2 advantages: working faster than human and completing difficult tasks.
B. There are 2 advantages: working in factories and doing small chores.
C. There are 3 advantages: working in factories, completing difficult tasks and doing small chores.
D. There are 3 advantages: working faster than human, completing difficult tasks and doing small chores.
4. What is the prediction of the writer about robots in the future?

- A. They will carry out more hard jobs.
- B. They will work in all factories around the world.
- C. They will do more difficult chores.
- D. They will work in space.

5. Which of the following is NOT mentioned in the passage?

- A. People first let robots work in factories because of its fastness.
- B. Vacuuming and cleaning are basic functions of every robot.
- C. Turning off bombs and exploring the surface of Mars are considered one of the difficult jobs for human.
- D. Robots help doing chores in some families.

B. Read the passage and choose the correct answers.

A

A robot cannot think or do things alone. People use a computer to control it. Today, robots are becoming useful in our lives. They can help us to save a lot of time and work. A robot can do the same work for 24 hours, and yet, it does not complain or get tired. In the US, people use robots as security guards in some important places. These robots can listen for certain noises and send signals for help if there's trouble or danger. In Japan, people use robots in factories to build cars. In the future, scientists will design many types of intelligent robots. Their robots will help us to do many more complicated things. However, some people do not like robots. They fear that one day robots will be too powerful.

1. Why do people use a computer to control a robot?

- A. Because it can save time and work.
- B. Because it cannot think or do things alone.
- C. Because it is too expensive.
- D. Because it is very useful.

2. Which of the following statements is NOT TRUE according to the text?

- A. People use computers to control robots.
- B. Robots cannot do the same work for 24 hours.
- C. Robots do not get tired of working.
- D. People use robots as security guards in some important places in the US.

3. The word "it" in the text refers to _____

- A. a robot
- B. a computer
- C. work
- D. the US

4. In Japan, people use robots in factories to _____ .

- A. guard important places
- B. do many more complicated things
- C. build cars
- D. listen to certain noises

5. Some people fear that one day robots _____ .

- A. will be busier than humans
- B. will do complicated things
- C. will have too much power
- D. will make too much noise

4- Word formation

Give the correct form of the word in brackets to complete the following sentences

- 1. Robots won't be able to do things like playing football or _____ a car. (drive)
- 2. We help our grandma to do the _____ on Sunday afternoons. (garden)
- 3. This exercise can improve your English _____. (pronounce)
- 4. Doctor robots can help _____ people. (sickness)

5. Do you want to join our _____ (discuss)
6. They will be able to do _____ work for us. (danger)
7. It will make our life _____ and more comfortable, (easy)
8. I think robots will play an _____ role in the future. (importance)
9. You should give your old clothes to charity instead of _____ them away, (throw)
10. I like this sport center because it has a modern _____ pool (swim)

i- Superlative short adjective

A. Use the correct form of the adjective/adverb in brackets.

1. It was an awful day. It was _____ day of my life (bad)
2. John is the _____ gardener. (good)
3. Who is the _____ woman on earth? (rich) ^
4. She is the _____ tennis player of the world. (bad)
5. School days are supposed to be _____ days of your life but I don't agree. (happy)
6. This is a really good school. It's one of _____ schools in the North West, (good)
7. But New York is the _____ city of the United States. (large)
8. She runs _____ in my class, (fast)
9. Her office is _____ of all ours (far)
10. He did the test _____ (bad)
11. Who is the _____ person in your family? (tall)
12. My mum is the _____ cook in the world. (good)
13. December is the _____ month of the year in my country. (cold)
14. What's the _____ animal in the world? (big)
15. Ethan is the _____ boy that I know. (happy)
16. Where are the _____ beaches in your country? (nice)
17. She bought the _____ cake in the shop. (big)
18. That was the _____ thing to do. (funny)
19. Summer is _____ season of the year (hot)
20. What's _____ river in the world (long)

4. Writing

A. Make sentences using the words and phrases given.

1. More people/ lose/ jobs/ robots/ do/ many kinds/ jobs.
2. Underwater robots/ dive/ longer/ deeper/ than/ human.
3. Robots/ become/ increasingly/ important/ investigate/ research/ hazardous/ dangerous/ environments.
4. Military robots/ be/ some/ most/ high-tech/ important/ robots/ used/ today.
5. Robots/ be able to/ think/ like/ humans.

6. Future/ robots/ be able to/ do/ more/ complicated/ things/ us.

7. You/ think/ robots/ build houses/ sea/ us?

8.1/ agree/ you/ that/ life/ more comfortable/ future.

9. Nowadays/ robots/ not/ talk/ people/ but/ future/1/ think/ they/ will.

10. More/ people/ lose/ jobs/ because/ robots/ replace/

11. One/ advantages/ robots/ be/ they/ can/ work/ situations/ dangerous/ harmfully humans.

12. Worker robots/ become/ more/ popular/ industries.

13. Robodex/ be/ largest/ robot/ exhibition/ world.

14. Robots/ not only/ talk/ people/ but/ understand/ what/ they/ think.

15. Robots/ recognize/ our voices/ faces/ they/ not/ think/ like/ humans.

B. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given.

/vV

1. Do you have a better refrigerator than this?

(the best)

2. Robotics doesn't really interest me.

(in)

3. Jack often participates in a robotics competition at his school.

(part)

4. This robot is capable of cooking a variety of different meals.

(can)

5.1 do not run as fast as you do.

(faster)

6. No one knows Tom well than I

(best)

7. In Viet Nam, April is hotter than any other months of the year.

8. No house in this area is older than this house.

(the)

9. I've never read a worse book than this.

(ever)

10. The other people in my office are much younger than me.

(far)

11. I've never had a better friend than you. (the)

12. Ho Chi Minh City with the population of over 8 million is bigger than any other cities in Viet Nam.

13. Angel Falls is over 1,000 feet higher than any other falls in the world.

14. Lake Superior in North America is a freshwater lake; it is larger than any other freshwater lakes in the world.

FURTHER PRACTICE

Listen and complete the text.

A long time ago, robots belonged to (1) _____ fiction. Children loved looking at movies with robots. Today, robots are real, and they are (2) _____ us. In the future, we will all have robots. They will (3) _____ the floor, wash the dishes, perhaps even drive our cars. I even think one day we'll have robot friends. In Japan today, robot engineers are making robots to help old people and to keep them company. It's still early days. I'd say we are another (4) _____ years away from robots being everywhere in our lives. What will happen to us when the world is full of robots? There'll be no jobs. McDonalds will be full of smiling robots. Maybe one day we won't be able to tell robots and (5) _____. Maybe they'll take over the world.

Fill in the gaps with the words given in the box

<i>decorate</i>	<i>team</i>	<i>together</i>	<i>version</i>
<i>cost</i>	<i>cameras</i>	<i>designing</i>	<i>robots</i>

1. In the future, a team of robots will play a human _____ in the World Cup.
2. He started _____ the body of the robot.
3. The boy added stickers, paint and decals to _____ the robot.
4. Making _____ was tough work but he was happy with his final product.
5. The robot _____ more than two million dollars to build.
6. Sony has shown a new _____ of robot which can jog at a top speed of 14 metres per minute.
7. The robot has two digital _____ that help it learn about its surroundings and recognize up to ten faces.
8. It shows that robots and human beings can work _____

Complete the passage with the words from the box.

since used schoolwork more robots transmits health

I have had my robot for 3 years now, and it has helped me enormously with my (1) _____. I can't go to school because I have a (2) _____ condition. So I send my robot to school in my place. The robot (3) _____ information to me in real time and I can ask it to perform a number of functions. It asks and responds to questions from teachers, can move (4) _____

around the school, and it even interacts with my classmates. I am really happy with it and my grades have improved dramatically (5)_____ I have had it.

Although it was pretty difficult to get (6)_____ to using the robot at first, I realise I am really lucky to have him. I was reading in the paper the other day that a lot of kids want

(7)_____ to learn or play with, or help them with their chores. I suppose a lot (8) _____ people will have robots in the future as this type of technology continues to develop at a frightening pace.

Choose the correct answer to complete the passage.

Rescue robots (1)_____ hi-tech toys, but we are now using more robotic planes, helicopters.

We can use them after storms, earthquakes, or fires to provide us with important (2)_____

_____. They have cameras and microphones that help rescue workers understand how much

damage (3)_____ and (4)_____ where the victims are. These planes work (5)_____ between

30 and 120 metres in the air and they can rescue people in somewhere very dangerous.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| 1. A. look | B. look like | C. looks like | D. lookat |
| 2. A. information | B. newspapers | C. ideas | D. thing |
| 3. A. there | B. it was | C. there has | D. there is |
| 4. A. find | B. find out | C. finds | D. finds out |
| 5. A. much | B. more | C. the best | D. best |

Read the following passage and answer the questions below.

Would you like a robot in your house? It is now generally accepted that in the future robots will take over many of our tasks, especially jobs of a repetitive nature. But it is doubtful if robots will ever be able to do many of the more creative types of work - or indeed if people would want them to. At the home robots would probably be used to do the cleaning, table laying, scrubbing and washing up, but it is considered unlikely so far that they will be used to do cooking - at least not in the near future. Robots in the home might not be creative enough to do the cooking, plan the meals, and so on. They would be used as slaves, thereby freeing people to do more of the things they wanted.

1. What kinds of jobs would a robot take over?

»_____

2. What are the types of creative jobs?

3. Can robots do creative work? Why? (Why not?)

>

4. What would people use robots for?

5. Would you like a robot in your house? Why? (Why not?)

>

Read the text, and decide whether the statements are True or False.

Worker robots are becoming more popular in industries. Nowadays they can do more difficult jobs in many factories. The use of robots helps factories increase the quality of their products because robots can do the job well for many hours while humans can get tired and bored.

Engineers can make robots more effective and useful at home, at school, and at work.

However, a robot uses on average about 100 more times energy than a human to do the same job.

The latest 20 kg robot can lift 2 kg, but a 5 kg human arm can lift 50 kg.

1. Factories are using more robots. _____
2. The use of robots helps make the quality of the products better. _____
3. Robots play an important role at homes, at schools, and in offices. _____
4. For the same job, a robot uses the same amount of energy as a worker does. _____
5. With the same weight, a robot lifts things heavier than a man can do. _____

Read the passage and decide whether the sentences are True (T) or False (F).

Baxter was introduced in September 2012. It is used for simple industrial jobs such as loading, unloading, sorting, and handling of materials. It is a new robot which is different from other robots to work in industry because it can learn. A worker can teach Baxter how to do a task by moving its hands. After that, it will memorize them. Any worker can program Baxter and it only takes a few minutes, while other industrial robots need many different programs and coding before they can be used. This means Baxter needs no programming in order to work. No software engineers are needed. This also means Baxter can be taught to perform many difficult tasks at the same time.

(Source: [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Baxter_\(robot\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Baxter_(robot)))

	T	F
1. Baxter was born in September 2012.		
2. It is used to help people in industry.		
3. It is different from other robots in that it can teach workers new things		
4. Software engineers are very important for Baxter to work.		
5. Baxter can do many complex tasks at the same time.		

Read the following passage and choose the option (A, B, C or D) that best answers each of the questions below. ^

An indoor domestic robot does chores around and inside homes. There are different kinds of indoor domestic robots.

Robotic vacuum cleaners and floor-washing robots can clean floors by sweeping and wet mopping.

Dressman is a robot to iron shirts using hot air.

Kitchen robots, such as Somabar, can make meals, do the washing up, and lay the table in the kitchen.

Security robots observe and discover bad people around the house. It can video those bad activities and send alerts via email or text message.

Thanks to indoor domestic robots, our home will become more and more comfortable.

(Source: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Domestic_robot)

1. What is an indoor domestic robot?
 - A. It is a robot which stays inside the house

Tài liệu thực hiện bởi Tran Truong Thanh Zalo 0369904425 không hợp tác với cá nhân nào.

- B. It is a robot which does chores around and inside homes
 - C. It is a robotic vacuum.
 - D. It is a robot which works in the kitchen.
2. What can robotic vacuum cleaners and floor-washing robots do?
- A. They can clean the floors.
 - B. They can sweep floors.
 - C. They can mop floors.
 - D. They can function.
3. How does Dressman iron shirts?
- A. It uses robot
 - B. It uses air in the kitchen
 - C. It uses hot air.
 - D. It uses a man to help it.
4. Kitchen robots can do all of the following things EXCEPT
- A. Make meals
 - B. do the washing up
 - C. lay the table
 - D. eat dinner
5. People can receive information about their house's security by
- A. bad people
 - B. video
 - C. robots
 - D • email or text message

Read the passage, and then answer the questions.

People are very interested in robots. Some of them look like mechanical dolls to play with. Most of them look like other machines of today's high technology.

Serious research on intelligent robots began in the 1960s in several countries. Now we are on the fifth generation of robots. The first robots were very expensive. They cost \$500,000 when a worker could do the same work for \$15 an hour. By the early 1970s, a robot brain, a computer, cost \$300,000. Today's robots cost from \$15,000 to \$150,000.

One of the advantages of robots is that they can work in situations that are dangerous or harmful for human workers.

Today there are millions of people who work at machines in the world. Robots will replace them. Part of the problem will be solved because of the decrease in the number of births. There will be fewer people looking for jobs. Many people will find changes in their jobs, and they will not like some of them.

The students of today must be sure that these changes are good. Robots must improve, not harm, the quality of human life.

1. What generation of robots are we on now?

2. What is one of the advantages of robots?

3. What makes a robot brain?

4. Why aren't people no longer worried that robots will replace them?

5. What is the thing that students of today are sure?

Read the passage, and then answer the questions.

Most robots today are industrial robots. Humans use them to make work easier and quicker. You often see them in car factories where they put the parts of the cars together. They are useful for this kind of work as it is 'dull, dirty and dangerous' - DVD. Robots are often used for DDD jobs and where a specific action needs to be repeated. It is very difficult for humans to do this.

There are many different types of robots. Some robots travel through space, work on the bottom of the ocean, or go inside volcanoes. They do the work of people, but for a different reason this time: there are places that are very dangerous for people, or impossible for people to go to.

Robots are everywhere. Most people don't know that robots help us everyday and in many different ways. In most houses, there are robots. For example, in some houses today there is a washing machine in the kitchen. Washing machines are robots. People can programme them and then they wash clothes automatically.

Some scientists make robots for fun. For example, the dogs are made as toys for small children. Japan produces the most robots. Every year in the capital, Tokyo, there is a robot exhibition called Robodex. It is the largest robot exhibition in the world.

1. What can robots do in car factories?

2. Why are robots useful or this kind of work?

3. Why do people often use robots to work on the bottom of the ocean or inside volcanoes?

4. How can people make washing machines useful?

5. Can robots bring us fun? Give an example.

Choose the word or phrase that best completes each sentence below.

1. Although I only saw her once, I _____ her as soon as she came into the room.
A. recognize B. recognizing C. recognizable D. recognized
2. The carpet at the front door is quite dirty, you should _____ it soon.
A. clean B. fold C. make D. lay
3. Because we don't have a washing machine in my house, my mother has to _____ all the laundry by herself.
A. make B. do C. get D. clean
4. The International _____ Station is the biggest object which has ever flown in space
A. Air B. Space C. Gas D. Train
5. My grandmother has problems with her back, so she cannot _____ heavy things.
A. hold B. stand on C. lift D. put down
6. My dog pet is absolutely intelligent, she can _____ and follow what I say easily.
A. understand B. hear C. eat D. sit down
7. The security in my neighbourhood is not good at the moment; so, we are advised to have a dog to _____ our house.
A. stay in B. guard C. catch D. bark

8. _____ robots can help sick people, look after babies and old people.

- A. teaching B. space C. automatic D. doctor

9. Cutting the _____ is one of my favourite things to do when I am in the garden because I can make the trees more beautiful.

- A. hedge B. trees C. flowers D. garden

10. There is an annual singing _____ in my school where students can show their ability to sing and win some prizes.

- A. compete B. competitive C. competition D. competing

Choose the word or phrase that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following sentences.

1.1 think robots now cannot do complicated things or communicate with people.

- A. easy B. difficult C. simple D. uncomplicated

2. One of the best things about robots is their ability to do jobs that would be just dangerous for people.

- A. safe B. risky C. secure D. safety

Choose the word or phrase that is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following sentences.

vj

1. Baymax is a doctor robot in the film "Big Hero 6" and he is very intelligent and friendly.

- A. nice B. kind C. lovely D. unfriendly

2. New robots which are made recently are really intelligent and they can do many things to help people.

- A. smart B. wise C. stupid D. bright