**Họ tên học sinh:**   **Lớp:**

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***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.***

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***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.***

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|  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |
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| **A**. makes only | **B**. would only make | **C**. will only make | **D**. had only made |

**Question 29**: The teacher told his students that the moon \_\_\_\_\_ round the eạrth.

|  |  |  |  |
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***Choose the best sentence that can be made from the words given.***

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| **A**. I am glad to hear that you are going to spend your holiday with us. |
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|  |
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|  |
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| **A**. When getting out of the station, and then you turn right and walk into Tran Hung Dao street. |
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**Question 34**: keep / walk / you / pass / medical centre / my house / next to it

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. You should keep walking until you pass a medical centre where my house is next to it. |
| **B**. Keep on walking until passing a medical centre. My house ii next to it. |
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**Question 35**: I / hope / have / good time / together / see you soon

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. I hope us will have a good time together. See you soon. |
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***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.***

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If you drive from north to south America, you will find that the air become heavier, the trees are greener, and the climate gets more tropical, ''ijou will also find old-fashioned politeness and a quieter, slower way of talking. Throughout American history, the southern states have been different from the North.  
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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. cold | **B**. snowy | **C**. warm | **D**. harsh |

(Question 37) \_\_\_\_\_ used to be the main plant in South America.

|  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |
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| **A**. have got the equality with the white | **B**. have still led a difficult life |
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(Question 40) Now, \_\_\_\_\_.

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In most of Europe villages, a farmer’s house consists (41)                      two parts, home to live in and outbuildings (42)                      are built separately and are often used (43)                      sheds and stores. Every morning, the farmers and farm workers (44)                      their village to work on their land and (45)                      their animals in distant fields. They have lunch on their field and only return to their village at (46)                      end of the day. So, social life is focused around the community center, the village.  
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|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
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| (49) | **A**. far | **B**. far from | **C**. from | **D**. far with |
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**----- HẾT -----**

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| (47) | **A**. which | **B**. that | **C**. in that | **D**. where |
| (48) | **A**. isolate | **B**. isolated | **C**. isolation | **D**. isolationism |
| (49) | **A**. far | **B**. far from | **C**. from | **D**. far with |
| (50) | **A**. dependent | **B**. independent | **C**. independently | **D**. independence |

**----- HẾT -----**