**Họ tên học sinh:**   **Lớp:**

**Ngày thi:**   **Điểm:**

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.***

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Question 1:** | **A**. climb | **B**. ski | **C**. high | **D**. shine |
| **Question 2:** | **A**. bicycle | **B**. shy | **C**. style | **D**. typewriter |
| **Question 3:** | **A**. plays | **B**. stays | **C**. says | **D**. pays |
| **Question 4:** | **A**. media | **B**. ache | **C**. table | **D**. nation |
| **Question 5:** | **A**. like | **B**. life | **C**. film | **D**. child |

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.***

**Question 6**: What is \_\_\_\_\_ television tonight? Do you know?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. for | **B**. in | **C**. at | **D**. on |

**Question 7**: They are enjoying a \_\_\_\_\_ and they laugh a lot.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. comedy | **B**. tragedy | **C**. weather forecast | **D**. concert |

**Question 8**: What do you usually do in the evening? I usually \_\_\_\_\_ television.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. see | **B**. notice | **C**. watch | **D**. look |

**Question 9**: You should take an umbrella. It is raining \_\_\_\_\_ outside.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. heavy | **B**. heavily | **C**. heaviness | **D**. heavier |

**Question 10**: We intend to go for a picnic tomorrow. Now I am waiting for the \_\_\_\_\_ on television to learn if the weather will be fine or not.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. football match | **B**. drama | **C**. weather forecast | **D**. cartoon |

**Question 11**: Although our grandfather passed away years ago, his \_\_\_\_\_ always remains with us.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. memory | **B**. memorable | **C**. memorably | **D**. memorialize |

**Question 12**: In the evening, I often relax by listening \_\_\_\_\_ music on the radio.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. for | **B**. of | **C**. from | **D**. to |

**Question 13**: I rarely see documentary films on \_\_\_\_\_ TV but I get daily news from \_\_\_\_\_ Internet.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. the / no article | **B**. no article / the | **C**. the / the | **D**. a / an |

**Question 14**: Motion pictures are an important art form that provides us not only entertainment and news but also knowledge.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. Films | **B**. Televisions | **C**. Books | **D**. Magazines |

**Question 15**: Please tell me how to change the \_\_\_\_\_ of the TV with a remote control.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. tunnel | **B**. panel | **C**. channel | **D**. wire |

**Question 16**: The teacher recommended his students to learn one more foreign language,

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. forced | **B**. allowed | **C**. advised | **D**. permitted |

**Question 17**: On average, American people spend ten hours per week \_\_\_\_\_ newspapers.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. read | **B**. to read | **C**. for reading | **D**. reading |

**Question 18**: Mr. Pike \_\_\_\_\_ English in our school for twenty-five years and he next month.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. teaches / retires | **B**. has taught / will retire |
| **C**. is teaching / is going to retire | **D**. taught / is retiring |

**Question 19**: We have to suffer flood and hot weather \_\_\_\_\_ uncontrollable forest destruction.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. because of | **B**. because | **C**. in spite of | **D**. instead of |

**Question 20**: She just likes him \_\_\_\_\_ his looks.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. as to | **B**. since | **C**. as | **D**. because of |

**Question 21**: He \_\_\_\_\_ his driving test yesterday. Up to now, he \_\_\_\_\_ three times.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. has failed / failed | **B**. failed / has failed |
| **C**. was failing / will failed | **D**. failed / is failing |

**Question 22**: She stopped eating meat \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. because how she felt | **B**. because of how she felt |
| **C**. how she felt | **D**. as how she felt |

**Question 23**: \_\_\_\_\_ he works as hard as he used to.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. Although his older | **B**. Because of he is old | **C**. In spite of his age | **D**. As aging |

**Question 24**: I left home early \_\_\_\_\_ I had to do several errands.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. because | **B**. because of | **C**. due to | **D**. so as to |

**Question 25**: It has been a long time since I \_\_\_\_\_ my native village.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. leave | **B**. have left | **C**. left | **D**. had left |

**Question 26**: They have worked as porters since 1999.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. They began to work as porters in 1999. | **B**. They worked as porters in 1999. |
| **C**. They did not work as porters in 1999. | **D**. They do not work as porters from 1999 up to now. |

**Question 27**: \_\_\_\_\_ mass transportation and mass media, the world seems to be a much smaller place.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. Mainly because of | **B**. Mainly because | **C**. Mainly as | **D**. Mainly in spite of |

**Question 28**: How \_\_\_\_\_ time do you use the Internet to get news?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. long | **B**. much | **C**. many | **D**. often |

**Question 29**: I personally think English grammar is \_\_\_\_\_ difficult, compared to French and Russian.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. little | **B**. less | **C**. least | **D**. the least |

**Question 30**: We look forward to \_\_\_\_\_ that film, which has been praised by several film reviewers.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. see | **B**. seeing | **C**. saw | **D**. seen |

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.***

**Question 31**: Films have quickly come to be use in teaching and learning, in place of lectures and texts.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. have quickly come | **B**. to be use |
| **C**. in teaching and learning | **D**. in place of |

**Question 32**: In the late 1800s it has been clear to many scientists and experimenters that wireless communication was possible.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. has been | **B**. clear to | **C**. many scientists | **D**. was possible |

**Question 33**: Guglielmo Marconi wondered if radio waves can be used for wireless communications and at last he succeeded in transmitting radio signals a distance of about a mile at the end of 1895.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. can be used | **B**. at last |
| **C**. succeeded in transmitting | **D**. at the end of 1895 |

**Question 34**: In the US, “USA Today” has a daily circulation of approximately 2 million, which makes it most widely distributed newspaper in the us.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. daily | **B**. 2 million |
| **C**. which makes | **D**. most widely distributed |

**Question 35**: Some newspapers provide some or all of their contents on the Internet either at no cost nor for a fee.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. provide | **B**. some or all | **C**. on the Internet | **D**. nor for a fee |

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.***

**Question 36 - 40**:

Television has an enormous effect on Americans. Politicians know all about this so they try to make their big public speeches at times when they get the largest audiences on the evening news programs. Advertisers also understand the power of television. They are willing to spend billions of dollars a year on television advertising. On average, American people watch TV for about 30 hours a week. By the age of eighteen, an American child will have spent between 15,000 and 18,000 hours in front of the television, meanwhile only 11,000 hours at school. Many people admit that watching violence on TV leads to greater violence on the streets. However, television programs have not been much better and they are more interested in what is shown on TV than its bad effects. The majority of TV viewers say that they prefer to see fewer soap operas and crime series, and more history, drama, and science. One reason for the poor quality is that the TV companies make most of their money by selling advertising. Advertisers pay more money for time during popular show, especially in the evening, when the audiences are the biggest.

(Question 36) There are the largest TV viewers \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. in the morning | **B**. in the afternoon | **C**. in the evening | **D**. at night |

(Question 37) The word enormous in the first sentence has a close meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. great | **B**. low | **C**. small | **D**. bad |

(Question 38) TV \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. has no effects on Americans’ life |
| **B**. is made used of by both politicians and advertisers |
| **C**. has no advertisements |
| **D**. has no power in advertising |

(Question 39) TV gets most of the money from \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. TV viewers | **B**. politicians | **C**. advertisers | **D**. film makers |

(Question 40) The majority of TV viewers prefer to see \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. violence | **B**. advertisements |
| **C**. soap operas and crime series | **D**. history, drama, and science |

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.***

**Question 41 - 50**:

In the first part of the twentieth century, before a television set became an important (41)                      of entertainment of most households, radio program was different (42)                      what it is now. Children rushed home from school to listen to “Story Hour”. Someone was reading (43)                      exciting story or a part of a story while the children’s imaginations provided visual images to fit the spoken ones. People listened to serials or stories (44)                      were broken into one-hour segments. Because each hour ended with suspense, listeners have to (45)                      at the same time the next day to find out what would happen. Families gathered around the radio at night to listen to important news or favorite programs. However, (46)                      there is the appearance of television, radio programming has changed. Radio stories have become a thing of the past (47)                      the fact that people prefer both to watch (48)                      to hear. Radio is now a medium that is used more often in a car (49)                      in a home. Because music and news are (50)                      types of programs to listen to in a car, they are the most common. Radio, in fact, has become the music medium. It provides music for all tasters.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (41) | **A**. device | **B**. way | **C**. machinery | **D**. method |
| (42) | **A**. on | **B**. with | **C**. in | **D**. from |
| (43) | **A**. a | **B**. an | **C**. the | **D**. no article |
| (44) | **A**. that | **B**. who | **C**. whom | **D**. whose |
| (45) | **A**. take off | **B**. turn down | **C**. tune in | **D**. make up |
| (46) | **A**. because | **B**. because of | **C**. in spite of | **D**. despite |
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| (48) | **A**. nor | **B**. or | **C**. and | **D**. but also |
| (49) | **A**. as | **B**. so | **C**. more than | **D**. than |
| (50) | **A**. the easier | **B**. easiest | **C**. more easier | **D**. the easiest |

**----- HẾT -----**

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|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
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|  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |
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| **A**. for | **B**. of | **C**. from | **D**. to |

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|  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |
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|  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |
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| **A**. great | **B**. low | **C**. small | **D**. bad |

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|  |
| --- |
| **A**. has no effects on Americans’ life |
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(Question 39) TV gets most of the money from \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. TV viewers | **B**. politicians | **C**. advertisers | **D**. film makers |

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|  |  |
| --- | --- |
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|  |  |  |  |  |
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| (41) | **A**. device | **B**. way | **C**. machinery | **D**. method |
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**----- HẾT -----**