**Họ tên học sinh:**   **Lớp:**

**Ngày thi:**   **Điểm:**

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.***

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Question 1:** | **A**. region | **B**. belong | **C**. control | **D**. reserved |
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| **Question 4:** | **A**. winter | **B**. between | **C**. building | **D**. area |
| **Question 5:** | **A**. statue | **B**. rename | **C**. around | **D**. complete |

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.***

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|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. in | **B**. with | **C**. upon | **D**. at |

**Question 7**: Can you please show us the point \_\_\_\_\_ which the river divides?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. on | **B**. in | **C**. at | **D**. upon |

**Question 8**: \_\_\_\_\_ statue of Liberty is \_\_\_\_\_ interesting sight in New York.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. no article / the | **B**. The / an | **C**. A / the | **D**. A / a |

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|  |  |
| --- | --- |
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|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. minus | **B**. subtract | **C**. out of | **D**. except |

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|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. pay | **B**. show | **C**. mingle | **D**. attract |

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|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
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|  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. Elvis Presley, whom we all love | **B**. Elvis Presley, whom we all love, |
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**Question 21**: The city authority intends to build apartments for homeless city dwellers, \_\_\_\_\_ makes them very excited.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. which | **B**. that | **C**. who | **D**. whom |

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|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. Abraham Lincoln, who was President at the time, | **B**. Abraham Lincoln, that was President at the time, |
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**Question 23**: The reason \_\_\_\_\_ I was late was \_\_\_\_\_ I missed the bus.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. which / why | **B**. that / which | **C**. why / that | **D**. why / which |

**Question 24**: There will be a day \_\_\_\_\_ you feel sorry about what you do today.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. which | **B**. that | **C**. why | **D**. when |

**Question 25**: England is one of the few countries \_\_\_\_\_ people drive on the left.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. which | **B**. where | **C**. that | **D**. whom |

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|  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |
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|  |  |
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| **A**. Despite the fact that | **B**. Despite |
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**Question 29**: He talked about London \_\_\_\_\_ he had ever lived there for a long time.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
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**Question 30**: \_\_\_\_\_ some progress has been made in AIDS treatment and prevention, the problem is getting worse.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. Even if | **B**. If | **C**. Despite | **D**. As if |

***Choose the best sentence that can be made from the words given.***

**Question 31**: Hai Phong / one of the three largest cities / Vietnam / after Hanoi and Ho Chi Minh City / officially founded / 1888

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. Hai Phong, is one of the three largest cities in Vietnam after Hanoi and Ho Chi Minh City, was officially founded in 1888 |
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**Question 32**: The city / locate / 120 kilometers of Hanoi / lie / the coast of the Pacific Ocean

|  |
| --- |
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**Question 33**: warm climate / sunny beaches / Hai Phong / famous / tourism

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. A warm climate and sunny beaches make Hai Phong is famous fir tourism |
| **B**. Despite a warm climate and sunny beaches, Hai Phong is famous ior tourism. |
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**Question 34**: Hai Phong Port / important part / develop / economy.

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. Hai Phong Port plays an important part in developing econojny. |
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|  |
| --- |
| **A**. The city also attracts tourists with its unique traditional fes |
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***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.***

**Question 36 - 40**:

Paris is the capital city of France. It is a leading global cultural, business and political centre and is famous for its defining classical architecture as well as its role as a major international influence in fashion, gastronomy and the arts. It is widely regarded as one of the world’s major global cities 19th century, Paris has got a reputation as a “romantic” city.  
Paris is situated on the banks of the River Seine in north-cent 'al France, which is the heart and origin of the city. The city hosts many mu galleries, has an active nightlife, and is the most visited city in with more than 30 million visitors per year. The most recognisable Paris is the 324 metre Eiffel Tower on the bank of the Seine.  
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(Question 36) We can learn from the text that \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. all Parisians do not pay attention to gastronomy | **B**. fashion of Paris has an international influence |
| **C**. there is not any famous architecture in Paris | **D**. Paris in not a business center |

(Question 37) Paris \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. was considered a “romantic” city |
| **B**. is internationally famous for its defining classical architecture |
| **C**. is not regarded as one of the world’s major global cities |
| **D**. is not famous for arts |

(Question 38) Which sentence is true?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. The river Seine does not flow through Paris | **B**. The city has very few museums and galleries |
| **C**. Paris is the least visited city in the world | **D**. Eiffel Tower is a symbol of Paris |

(Question 39) Paris \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |
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| **A**. does not focus on tourism |
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|  |  |
| --- | --- |
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***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.***

**Question 41 - 50**:

About 12 million people - 10 percent of Japan’s (41)                      - live in Tokyo, while about 36 million live in the Greater Tokyo Area, making it the center region of the world’s (42)                      most populous metropolitan area. It is (43)                      one of the world’s major global cities. Tokyo is the nation’s political, (44)                      , and cultural center.  
Tokyo went on to (45)                      two major catastrophes and has recovered remarkably  
(46)                      both. One was the Great Kanto Earthquake in 1923, and the other was World War II. The firebombings in 1945 were (47)                      as devastating as the atomic bombs of Hiroshima and Nagasaki combined. Large areas of the city were flattened. Tokyo’s subway and commuter rail network have become the busiest in the world (48)                      more and more people moved to the area. It is a major international finance center and (49)                      of the headquarters of several of the world’s largest investment banks and insurance companies, and serves (50)                      a hub for Japan’s transportation, publishing, and broadcasting industries.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (41) | **A**. entertainment | **B**. communication | **C**. population | **D**. attraction |
| (42) | **A**. a | **B**. an | **C**. the | **D**. no article |
| (43) | **A**. said | **B**. seen | **C**. considered | **D**. taken over |
| (44) | **A**. economy | **B**. economic | **C**. economics | **D**. economical |
| (45) | **A**. suffer | **B**. offer | **C**. enjoy | **D**. hand |
| (46) | **A**. from | **B**. with | **C**. over | **D**. in |
| (47) | **A**. most of | **B**. most | **C**. almost | **D**. the more |
| (48) | **A**. because of | **B**. as | **C**. although | **D**. despite |
| (49) | **A**. remark | **B**. as | **C**. although | **D**. despite |
| (50) | **A**. as | **B**. since | **C**. because | **D**. if |

**----- HẾT -----**

**Họ tên học sinh:**   **Lớp:**

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***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.***

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| **A**. in | **B**. with | **C**. upon | **D**. at |

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|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. minus | **B**. subtract | **C**. out of | **D**. except |

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|  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
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About 12 million people - 10 percent of Japan’s (41)                      - live in Tokyo, while about 36 million live in the Greater Tokyo Area, making it the center region of the world’s (42)                      most populous metropolitan area. It is (43)                      one of the world’s major global cities. Tokyo is the nation’s political, (44)                      , and cultural center.  
Tokyo went on to (45)                      two major catastrophes and has recovered remarkably  
(46)                      both. One was the Great Kanto Earthquake in 1923, and the other was World War II. The firebombings in 1945 were (47)                      as devastating as the atomic bombs of Hiroshima and Nagasaki combined. Large areas of the city were flattened. Tokyo’s subway and commuter rail network have become the busiest in the world (48)                      more and more people moved to the area. It is a major international finance center and (49)                      of the headquarters of several of the world’s largest investment banks and insurance companies, and serves (50)                      a hub for Japan’s transportation, publishing, and broadcasting industries.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (41) | **A**. entertainment | **B**. communication | **C**. population | **D**. attraction |
| (42) | **A**. a | **B**. an | **C**. the | **D**. no article |
| (43) | **A**. said | **B**. seen | **C**. considered | **D**. taken over |
| (44) | **A**. economy | **B**. economic | **C**. economics | **D**. economical |
| (45) | **A**. suffer | **B**. offer | **C**. enjoy | **D**. hand |
| (46) | **A**. from | **B**. with | **C**. over | **D**. in |
| (47) | **A**. most of | **B**. most | **C**. almost | **D**. the more |
| (48) | **A**. because of | **B**. as | **C**. although | **D**. despite |
| (49) | **A**. remark | **B**. as | **C**. although | **D**. despite |
| (50) | **A**. as | **B**. since | **C**. because | **D**. if |

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