**Họ tên học sinh:**   **Lớp:**

**Ngày thi:**   **Điểm:**

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.***

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Câu 1:** | **A**. multiply | **B**. operate | **C**. calculate | **D**. entertain |
| **Câu 2:** | **A**. magazine | **B**. newspaper | **C**. accurate | **D**. document |
| **Câu 3:** | **A**. music | **B**. office | **C**. amount | **D**. language |
| **Câu 4:** | **A**. appropriate | **B**. information | **C**. technology | **D**. communicate |
| **Câu 5:** | **A**. almost | **B**. machine | **C**. lightning | **D**. system |

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.***

**Câu 6**: A computer has a few hundred thousand \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. parts | **B**. cells | **C**. nerves | **D**. bills |

**Câu 7**: The students were \_\_\_\_\_ into three groups and each group took over a different work.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. added | **B**. subtracted | **C**. multiplied | **D**. divided |

**Câu 8**: The abacus is considered one of the early calculating \_\_\_\_\_, the first ancestors of the computer.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. devices | **B**. machinery | **C**. disks | **D**. mice |

**Câu 9**: The Internet helps us link with each other easily and quickly.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. relax | **B**. allow | **C**. request | **D**. interact |

**Câu 10**: The World Cup matches have been broadcast live through man-made satellites,

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. artificial | **B**. natural | **C**. human | **D**. performed |

**Câu 11**: The telephone is considered to be one of the most useful \_\_\_\_\_ achievements.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. science | **B**. scientific | **C**. scientist | **D**. scientifically |

**Câu 12**: Many students have become dependent on \_\_\_\_\_ Internet for \_\_\_\_\_ information.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. the / no article | **B**. no article / the |
| **C**. an / an | **D**. no article / no article |

**Câu 13**: She often \_\_\_\_\_ stamps of many other countries in her spare time. She has a large \_\_\_\_\_ of stamps.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. collect / collective | **B**. collects / collection |
| **C**. collections / collects | **D**. collecting / collect |

**Câu 14**: Please \_\_\_\_\_ the volume of the television. Don’t make too much noise because we are preparing for our coming final examination.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. suggest | **B**. link | **C**. adjust | **D**. act |

**Câu 15**: The operator gave some instructions \_\_\_\_\_ how to use a cell phone.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. of | **B**. on | **C**. for | **D**. on |

**Câu 16**: Do you often watch \_\_\_\_\_ television in \_\_\_\_\_ evening after you finish your homework?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. no article / the | **B**. a / an | **C**. a / no article | **D**. the / an |

**Câu 17**: You should read the \_\_\_\_\_ on the prescription before using the drug.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. instruction | **B**. suggestion | **C**. production | **D**. calculation |

**Câu 18**: Can you please tell me \_\_\_\_\_ the TV with the remote control?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. what to operate | **B**. operating | **C**. how to operate | **D**. which operates |

**Câu 19**: Peter suggested \_\_\_\_\_ a new computer but his father disapproved.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. buy | **B**. to buy | **C**. buying | **D**. bought |

**Câu 20**: The orphan, \_\_\_\_\_ parents died in a traffic accident, has stayed in the orphanage since last year.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. who | **B**. whom | **C**. whose | **D**. that |

**Câu 21**: We haven’t kept in touch with Mary \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. for leaving school | **B**. since we left school | **C**. for we left school | **D**. since leaving school |

**Câu 22**: The house \_\_\_\_\_ has been broken by one of my friends belongs to a famous film star.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. which window | **B**. the window | **C**. the window of that | **D**. the window of which |

**Câu 23**: Most of us do not want to make friends with \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. John, whom we do not trust | **B**. John, who we do not trust |
| **C**. John, that we do not trust | **D**. John, whom we do not trust him |

**Câu 24**: The best vacation that I have ever had \_\_\_\_\_ the time when I spent my holiday in Florida

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. is | **B**. was | **C**. has been | **D**. had been |

**Câu 25**: Can you please tell me \_\_\_\_\_ a computer is used for?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. what | **B**. which | **C**. that | **D**. who |

**Câu 26**: An air conditioner is used for keeping the air \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. to be cool or warm | **B**. coolly or warmly | **C**. cool or warm | **D**. coolness or warmth |

**Câu 27**: It is a computer which allows us\_\_\_\_\_ any kind of document.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. type | **B**. to type | **C**. typing | **D**. typed |

**Câu 28**: \_\_\_\_\_ you want to turn on or turn off the TV, press the power button.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. Because | **B**. Whether | **C**. That | **D**. If |

**Câu 29**: The file \_\_\_\_\_ in the removable disk contains the information that you want.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. store | **B**. to store | **C**. storing | **D**. stored |

**Câu 30**: The programmer \_\_\_\_\_ on the laptop is devising some new software.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. work | **B**. to work | **C**. working | **D**. worked |

***Choose the best sentence that can be made from the words given.***

**Câu 31**: You / want / use / cassette player / first / make sure / it / power / battery.

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. If you want to use a cassette player, first of all you must make sure that it is on power on battery. |
| **B**. If you want to use a cassette player, so first of all you must make sure that it is on power on battery. |
| **C**. Provided that you want to use a cassette player, so first of all you must make sure that it is on power on battery. |
| **D**. If you want to use a cassette player, first of all you must make sure that in case it is on power on battery. |

**Câu 32**: insert / cassette / the side to be played / face / cassette holder

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. Insert a cassette with the side to be played to face the cassette holder. |
| **B**. Insert a cassette with the side to be played that facing the cassette holder. |
| **C**. Insert a cassette with the side to be played facing the cassette holder. |
| **D**. Insert a cassette with the side to be played which faced the cassette holder. |

**Câu 33**: Press / play button / adjust / volume.

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. Press the play button and then adjust the volume. |
| **B**. To press the play button and then adjust the volume. |
| **C**. You press the play button and then adjusting the volume. |
| **D**. Pressing the play button and then you adjust the volume. |

**Câu 34**: end / tape / cassette player / stop / turn off automatically

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. When ending the tape, the cassette player will stop and turn off automatically. |
| **B**. At the end of the tape, the cassette player will stop and turn off automatically. |
| **C**. At the end of the tape the cassette player will stop and so that it will turn off automatically. |
| **D**. Until at the end of the tape the cassette player will stop and turn off automatically. |

**Câu 35**: you / continue / listen / press / eject button / take out / tape / change into / other side.

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. Although you want to continue listening, press eject button, take out the tape, and change into the other side. |
| **B**. If you want to continue listening, press eject button, take out the tape, and changing into the other side. |
| **C**. If you want to continue listening, press eject button, take out the tape, and change into the other side. |
| **D**. Even if you want to continue listening, press eject button, take out the tape, and change into the other side. |

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.***

**Câu 36 - 40**:

Although computers are considered the most perfect and effective devices in our modern time, we cannot avoid some certain problems when we are working on a computer. Letters and phone conversations are private. It is against the law to open someone’s mail without permission or to listen secretly to someone’s telephone conversation. And now there are laws to protect the privacy of e-mail. It is also against the law to read the messages that a person sends or receives on a computer. Although each person has a secret password for his or her e-mail, sometimes the passwords are discovered by hackers and the mail box is opened. Recently several companies that do business on the Internet have been attacked. The attackers sent huge amounts of useless e-mails to the Web sites of these companies. The effect was to slow or stop the ability of the companies to do their business. Such actions are known as “denial of service” attacks. The companies say they may have lost millions of dollars because they were not able to provide goods and services during the attacks. Most of the companies were able to solve the problem in about three hours. The victims of the attacks included some of largest and most successful companies on the Internet, such as Yahoo, Amazon, and Com and E-Trade. The police have investigated the attackers. The computer industry leaders have discussed the electronic attacks and the problems of computer crime. They suggest that a person who is found guilty of such a crime should be sentenced to at least 10 years in prison.

(Câu 36) It is \_\_\_\_\_ to read the messages that a person send or receive on a computer.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. legal | **B**. illegal | **C**. encouraged | **D**. advisable |

(Câu 37) Which sentence is true?

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. It is quite secret to send or receive messages through the Internet. |
| **B**. We need a password to open an e-mail box. |
| **C**. We never have problems with e-mail. |
| **D**. Emails on the Internet are open letters. |

(Câu 38) What happened to some companies that do business on the Internet?

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. They were electronically attacked. |
| **B**. They were closed because they are broke. |
| **C**. They stopped working because all computers were out of order. |
| **D**. They stopped working because of no power. |

(Câu 39) What did the hackers do?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. They attacked the network by computer viruses. | **B**. They made a lot of order through the Internet. |
| **C**. They sent a lot of e-mails to the companies. | **D**. They sent useless |
| **E**. mails to the Web sites of these companies. |  |

(Câu 40) Most of the companies \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. could solve the problem | **B**. could not solve the problem |
| **C**. closed | **D**. were sentenced to about ten years in prison |

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.***

**Câu 41 - 50**:

It is (41)                      that about twenty-four million computers in the USA were out of work last year, and only about three million of those computers were reused or (42)                      . Twenty-one million computers were kept in (43)                      , exported to other countries, or thrown (44)                      computers should not be (45)                      in public landfills because harmful (46)                      from computers can mix with other liquids in landfills. In some cases, these liquids go into the soil and (47)                      ground water. Most people do not know about the (48)                      substances in the computers. For example, a computer screen, or (49)                      , contains about three kilograms of lead which causes central nervous system problems in people. It is (50)                      biggest environmental threat.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (41) | **A**. estimated | **B**. requested | **C**. suggested | **D**. remained |
| (42) | **A**. reported | **B**. recycled | **C**. repainted | **D**. reviewed |
| (43) | **A**. contact | **B**. link | **C**. interaction | **D**. storage |
| (44) | **A**. away | **B**. over | **C**. for | **D**. up |
| (45) | **A**. sent | **B**. saved | **C**. discarded | **D**. stored |
| (46) | **A**. chemistry | **B**. chemicals | **C**. chemist | **D**. chemically |
| (47) | **A**. encourage | **B**. support | **C**. dig | **D**. threaten |
| (48) | **A**. danger | **B**. dangerous | **C**. dangerously | **D**. endanger |
| (49) | **A**. floppy disk | **B**. printer | **C**. monitor | **D**. keyboard |
| (50) | **A**. a | **B**. an | **C**. the | **D**. no article |

**----- HẾT -----**

**Họ tên học sinh:**   **Lớp:**

**Ngày thi:**   **Điểm:**

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.***

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Câu 1:** | **A**. multiply | **B**. operate | **C**. calculate | **D**. entertain |
| **Câu 2:** | **A**. magazine | **B**. newspaper | **C**. accurate | **D**. document |
| **Câu 3:** | **A**. music | **B**. office | **C**. amount | **D**. language |
| **Câu 4:** | **A**. appropriate | **B**. information | **C**. technology | **D**. communicate |
| **Câu 5:** | **A**. almost | **B**. machine | **C**. lightning | **D**. system |

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.***

**Câu 6**: A computer has a few hundred thousand \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. parts | **B**. cells | **C**. nerves | **D**. bills |

**Câu 7**: The students were \_\_\_\_\_ into three groups and each group took over a different work.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. added | **B**. subtracted | **C**. multiplied | **D**. divided |

**Câu 8**: The abacus is considered one of the early calculating \_\_\_\_\_, the first ancestors of the computer.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. devices | **B**. machinery | **C**. disks | **D**. mice |

**Câu 9**: The Internet helps us link with each other easily and quickly.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. relax | **B**. allow | **C**. request | **D**. interact |

**Câu 10**: The World Cup matches have been broadcast live through man-made satellites,

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. artificial | **B**. natural | **C**. human | **D**. performed |

**Câu 11**: The telephone is considered to be one of the most useful \_\_\_\_\_ achievements.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. science | **B**. scientific | **C**. scientist | **D**. scientifically |

**Câu 12**: Many students have become dependent on \_\_\_\_\_ Internet for \_\_\_\_\_ information.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. the / no article | **B**. no article / the |
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**Câu 13**: She often \_\_\_\_\_ stamps of many other countries in her spare time. She has a large \_\_\_\_\_ of stamps.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. collect / collective | **B**. collects / collection |
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**Câu 14**: Please \_\_\_\_\_ the volume of the television. Don’t make too much noise because we are preparing for our coming final examination.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. suggest | **B**. link | **C**. adjust | **D**. act |

**Câu 15**: The operator gave some instructions \_\_\_\_\_ how to use a cell phone.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
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|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
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|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
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|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. what to operate | **B**. operating | **C**. how to operate | **D**. which operates |

**Câu 19**: Peter suggested \_\_\_\_\_ a new computer but his father disapproved.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
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|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
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|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
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|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. which window | **B**. the window | **C**. the window of that | **D**. the window of which |

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|  |  |
| --- | --- |
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**Câu 24**: The best vacation that I have ever had \_\_\_\_\_ the time when I spent my holiday in Florida

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
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**Câu 25**: Can you please tell me \_\_\_\_\_ a computer is used for?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. what | **B**. which | **C**. that | **D**. who |

**Câu 26**: An air conditioner is used for keeping the air \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. to be cool or warm | **B**. coolly or warmly | **C**. cool or warm | **D**. coolness or warmth |

**Câu 27**: It is a computer which allows us\_\_\_\_\_ any kind of document.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. type | **B**. to type | **C**. typing | **D**. typed |

**Câu 28**: \_\_\_\_\_ you want to turn on or turn off the TV, press the power button.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
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|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
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|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. work | **B**. to work | **C**. working | **D**. worked |

***Choose the best sentence that can be made from the words given.***

**Câu 31**: You / want / use / cassette player / first / make sure / it / power / battery.

|  |
| --- |
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|  |
| --- |
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|  |
| --- |
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|  |
| --- |
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|  |
| --- |
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Although computers are considered the most perfect and effective devices in our modern time, we cannot avoid some certain problems when we are working on a computer. Letters and phone conversations are private. It is against the law to open someone’s mail without permission or to listen secretly to someone’s telephone conversation. And now there are laws to protect the privacy of e-mail. It is also against the law to read the messages that a person sends or receives on a computer. Although each person has a secret password for his or her e-mail, sometimes the passwords are discovered by hackers and the mail box is opened. Recently several companies that do business on the Internet have been attacked. The attackers sent huge amounts of useless e-mails to the Web sites of these companies. The effect was to slow or stop the ability of the companies to do their business. Such actions are known as “denial of service” attacks. The companies say they may have lost millions of dollars because they were not able to provide goods and services during the attacks. Most of the companies were able to solve the problem in about three hours. The victims of the attacks included some of largest and most successful companies on the Internet, such as Yahoo, Amazon, and Com and E-Trade. The police have investigated the attackers. The computer industry leaders have discussed the electronic attacks and the problems of computer crime. They suggest that a person who is found guilty of such a crime should be sentenced to at least 10 years in prison.

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|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. legal | **B**. illegal | **C**. encouraged | **D**. advisable |

(Câu 37) Which sentence is true?

|  |
| --- |
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(Câu 38) What happened to some companies that do business on the Internet?

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. They were electronically attacked. |
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(Câu 39) What did the hackers do?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
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(Câu 40) Most of the companies \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
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|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (41) | **A**. estimated | **B**. requested | **C**. suggested | **D**. remained |
| (42) | **A**. reported | **B**. recycled | **C**. repainted | **D**. reviewed |
| (43) | **A**. contact | **B**. link | **C**. interaction | **D**. storage |
| (44) | **A**. away | **B**. over | **C**. for | **D**. up |
| (45) | **A**. sent | **B**. saved | **C**. discarded | **D**. stored |
| (46) | **A**. chemistry | **B**. chemicals | **C**. chemist | **D**. chemically |
| (47) | **A**. encourage | **B**. support | **C**. dig | **D**. threaten |
| (48) | **A**. danger | **B**. dangerous | **C**. dangerously | **D**. endanger |
| (49) | **A**. floppy disk | **B**. printer | **C**. monitor | **D**. keyboard |
| (50) | **A**. a | **B**. an | **C**. the | **D**. no article |

**----- HẾT -----**