**Họ tên học sinh:**   **Lớp:**

**Ngày thi:**   **Điểm:**

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.***

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Câu 1:** | **A**. electronic | **B**. miraculous | **C**. capacity | **D**. additional |
| **Câu 2:** | **A**. visit | **B**. devise | **C**. compute | **D**. request |
| **Câu 3:** | **A**. physical | **B**. mysterious | **C**. personal | **D**. magical |
| **Câu 4:** | **A**. receive | **B**. perform | **C**. manage | **D**. relax |
| **Câu 5:** | **A**. capable | **B**. beautiful | **C**. interesting | **D**. attractive |

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.***

**Câu 6**: He has not got much progress in learning English as he expects because he is not capable \_\_\_\_\_ remembering vocabulary.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. on | **B**. in | **C**. for | **D**. of |

**Câu 7**: Wood and charcoal were among \_\_\_\_\_ first materials used as \_\_\_\_\_ fuel.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. no article / the | **B**. the / a | **C**. the / no article | **D**. a / the |

**Câu 8**: A calculating machine can do calculations with lightning speed.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. very quickly | **B**. very slowly | **C**. incorrectly | **D**. perfectly |

**Câu 9**: You can use a \_\_\_\_\_ to make a phone call when you are away from home.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. monitor | **B**. magazine | **C**. cell phone | **D**. calculating machine |

**Câu 10**: A computer consists of hardware and software.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. screen | **B**. physical parts | **C**. programs | **D**. keyboard |

**Câu 11**: In the developed world, virtually every profession makes use of computers,

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. most | **B**. the most | **C**. most of | **D**. almost |

**Câu 12**: Since the end of the 1980s, laptop computers have become popular \_\_\_\_\_ business people.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. between | **B**. among | **C**. to | **D**. for |

**Câu 13**: The World Cup matches will be \_\_\_\_\_ live by satellite to many countries all over the world.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. transmitted | **B**. transplanted | **C**. transported | **D**. translated  |

**Câu 14**: For further \_\_\_\_\_ on the computer programs, please contact us at this address.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. inform | **B**. informative | **C**. information | **D**. informative |

**Câu 15**: Because of the \_\_\_\_\_ in our company, the accountants can save a lot of time working with figures every month.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. computer | **B**. computerize | **C**. computerization | **D**. computation |

**Câu 16**: With many kinds of games designed, you can get \_\_\_\_\_ on computer.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. information | **B**. entertainment | **C**. production | **D**. calculation |

**Câu 17**: It \_\_\_\_\_ that at least 47,000 jobs were lost last year due to the economic crisis.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. calculates | **B**. calculated |
| **C**. has just been calculated | **D**. had been calculated |

**Câu 18**: Soon after the development of the computer, human life \_\_\_\_\_ dramatically in both work and entertainment.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. was improved | **B**. will have been improved |
| **C**. has been improved | **D**. had been improved |

**Câu 19**: I \_\_\_\_\_ you as soon as I \_\_\_\_\_ my work.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. will call / have finished | **B**. called / would finished |
| **C**. call / will finish | **D**. had called / finished |

**Câu 20**: \_\_\_\_\_ is the longest river in England, flooded its banks last night,

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. The River Severn, that | **B**. The River Severn, is |
| **C**. The River Severn which | **D**. The River Severn, which |

**Câu 21**: The advantages of copper tools over stone, bone, and wooden tools \_\_\_\_\_ quickly apparent to early humans.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. are | **B**. have been | **C**. had been | **D**. were |

**Câu 22**: They report that the explorers were lost when climbing up the mount in a heavy storm.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. It was reported that the explorers were lost | **B**. It reported that the explorers were lost |
| **C**. The explorers are reported to have been lost | **D**. The explorers are reported to be lost |

**Câu 23**: John is reading a novel \_\_\_\_\_ by Jack London.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. write | **B**. written | **C**. writing | **D**. to write |

**Câu 24**: This book is interesting. During the last two days, I \_\_\_\_\_ six chapters.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. read | **B**. have read | **C**. had read | **D**. was reading |

**Câu 25**: \_\_\_\_\_ your mind to buy a new computer?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. What makes you change | **B**. What does make you change |
| **C**. What makes you to change | **D**. What do make you change |

**Câu 26**: I have never sent a mail on computers \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. ever | **B**. before | **C**. ago | **D**. then |

**Câu 27**: Unfortunately, the gold hunter and his dogs \_\_\_\_\_ could not manage to find the way out of the snowy storm never returned.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. which | **B**. who | **C**. whom | **D**. that |

**Câu 28**: The most important contribution of technology is making our life much easier and helping us achieve \_\_\_\_\_ was previously not possible.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. that | **B**. which | **C**. what | **D**. when  |

**Câu 29**: As personal computers, laptops are capable of \_\_\_\_\_ a desktop PC.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. the same tasks as | **B**. the same tasks with | **C**. the same as tasks as | **D**. as the same tasks as |

**Câu 30**: Trembling, she opened the drawer \_\_\_\_\_she kept all her precious jewelries as well as souvenirs.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. which | **B**. in which | **C**. in that | **D**. in where |

***Choose the best sentence that can be made from the words given.***

**Câu 31**: you / operate / printer / make sure / wire / plug in / printer / on

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. Unless you want to operate a printer, you must make sure that the wire is plugged in and the printer is on. |
| **B**. You want to operate a printer you must make sure that the wire is plugged in and the printer is on. |
| **C**. Do you want to operate a printer, you must make sure that the wire is plugged in and the printer is on. |
| **D**. If you want to operate a printer, you must make sure that the wire is plugged in and the printer is on. |

**Câu 32**: you / check / cable connections / computer / printer / put / papers / tray

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. You must check the cable connections between the computer and the printer. |
| **B**. You must check the cable connections among the computer and the printer. |
| **C**. As a result, you must check the cable connections between the computer and the printer. |
| **D**. Lately, you must check the cable connections between the computer and the printer. |

**Câu 33**: not use / folded papers / in other words / papers / smooth / clean

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. Don’t use folded papers. In other words, the papers must be smooth and clean. |
| **B**. Not using folded papers. In other words, the papers must be smooth and clean. |
| **C**. Not to use folded papers. In other words, the papers must be smooth and clean. |
| **D**. And not using folded papers. In other words, the papers must be smooth and clean. |

**Câu 34**: print / file / select / file / double click / printing symbol / computer toolbar.

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. As print a file, you must select the file and double click the printing symbol on the computer toolbar. |
| **B**. To print a file and then you must select the file and double click the printing symbol on the computer toolbar |
| **C**. To print a file, you must select the file and double click the printing symbol on the computer toolbar. |
| **D**. For a file printing, you must select the file and double click the printing symbol on the computer toolbar |

**Câu 35**: Remember / not / draw / papers / out of / when / working

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. Remember so that you do not to draw the papers out of the machine when it is working. |
| **B**. Remember not drawing the papers out of the machine when it is working. |
| **C**. Remember not to draw the papers out of the machine until it is working. |
| **D**. Remember not to draw the papers out of the machine when it is working.  |

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.***

**Câu 36 - 40**:

Technology refers to tools and machines that may be used to help solve problems. For further consideration, technology is the current state of our knowledge of how to combine resources to produce products, solve problems, fulfill needs, or satisfy wants. Technology includes technical methods, skills, processes, techniques, tools and raw materials. It is not easy to tell the difference between science, engineering and technology. Generally, science is the study of nature to discover relationships among elements of the world. It uses techniques. Engineering is the use of scientific principles to achieve a planned result. However, technology broadly involves the use and application of knowledge to achieve some “practical” result. For example, science might study the flow of electrons in electrical conductors. This knowledge is used by engineers to create devices, such as semiconductors, computers, and other forms of advanced technology. The history of technology is as old as humanity. The history of technology is a progression from simple tools and simple energy sources to complex tools and energy sources. The earliest technologies made simple tools from natural resources. Anthropologists have discovered many early human habitations and tools made from natural resources. The use, and then, of fire was a turning point in the technological development of humankind, affording a simple energy source with many practical uses. Perhaps the first use of fire was the heating and the preparation of food. The use of fire extended the capability for the treatment of natural resources and allowed the use of natural resources that require heat to be useful.
- Anthropologist: Nhà nhân chủng học

(Câu 36) Technology \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. has no relation to machines and tools |
| **B**. helps us produce products, solve problems, fulfill needs, or satisfy wants |
| **C**. is a technique, not knowledge |
| **D**. cannot help us solve any problems |

(Câu 37) According to the writer, \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. the distinctions between science, engineering and technology are quite clear |
| **B**. technology is not related to science and engineering |
| **C**. we cannot distinguish between science, engineering and technology clearly |
| **D**. technology includes science and engineering |

(Câu 38) The history of technology \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. is as old as that of human being | **B**. is unknown |
| **C**. could not make tools | **D**. made high-technology tools |

(Câu 39) The earliest technologies \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. made simple tools | **B**. is as old as that of human being |
| **C**. could even make complex tools | **D**. made high-technology tools |

(Câu 40) The discovery of fire \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. has done nothing for human beings |
| **B**. was made by anthropologists |
| **C**. could not help with heating and preparing food |
| **D**. was a turning point in the technological development |

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.***

**Câu 41 - 50**:

Computer programs are lists of instructions for the computer to execute. These can range from just a few instructions which perform a simple task, to a (41)                      more complex instruction list which may also include tables of data.
Many computer programs (42)                      millions of instructions, and many of those instructions are executed repeatedly. A typical modern PC (in the year 2005) can execute around 3 billion instructions (43)                      second. Computers do not gain their extraordinary capabilities through the ability (44)                      complex instructions. Rather, they do millions of simple instructions arranged by people known as (45)                      . In practice, people do not normally write the instructions for computers (46)                      in machine language. Such programming is uninteresting and errors sometimes happen, (47)                      makes programmers very unproductive. Instead, programmers describe the desired actions in a “high level” programming language which is then translated (48)                      the machine language automatically by special computer programs which are called interpreters and compilers. The language chosen for a particular task depends (49)                      the nature of the task, the skill set of the programmers, tool availability and, the (50)                      of the customers.
- execute: thực hiện chỉ lệnh của một chương trình máy tính

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (41)  | **A**. much | **B**. many | **C**. most | **D**. mostly |
| (42)  | **A**. intend | **B**. contain | **C**. control | **D**. instruct |
| (43)  | **A**. a | **B**. an | **C**. the | **D**. no article |
| (44)  | **A**. execute | **B**. to execute | **C**. execution | **D**. executive |
| (45)  | **A**. professors | **B**. professors | **C**. advisers | **D**. programmers |
| (46)  | **A**. direct | **B**. director | **C**. directly | **D**. directed |
| (47)  | **A**. that | **B**. which | **C**. whom | **D**. who |
| (48)  | **A**. in | **B**. on | **C**. into | **D**. from |
| (49)  | **A**. on | **B**. from | **C**. in | **D**. with |
| (50)  | **A**. require | **B**. required | **C**. requirer | **D**. requirements |

 **----- HẾT -----**

**Họ tên học sinh:**   **Lớp:**

**Ngày thi:**   **Điểm:**

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.***

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Câu 1:** | **A**. electronic | **B**. miraculous | **C**. capacity | **D**. additional |
| **Câu 2:** | **A**. visit | **B**. devise | **C**. compute | **D**. request |
| **Câu 3:** | **A**. physical | **B**. mysterious | **C**. personal | **D**. magical |
| **Câu 4:** | **A**. receive | **B**. perform | **C**. manage | **D**. relax |
| **Câu 5:** | **A**. capable | **B**. beautiful | **C**. interesting | **D**. attractive |

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.***

**Câu 6**: He has not got much progress in learning English as he expects because he is not capable \_\_\_\_\_ remembering vocabulary.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. on | **B**. in | **C**. for | **D**. of |

**Câu 7**: Wood and charcoal were among \_\_\_\_\_ first materials used as \_\_\_\_\_ fuel.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. no article / the | **B**. the / a | **C**. the / no article | **D**. a / the |

**Câu 8**: A calculating machine can do calculations with lightning speed.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. very quickly | **B**. very slowly | **C**. incorrectly | **D**. perfectly |

**Câu 9**: You can use a \_\_\_\_\_ to make a phone call when you are away from home.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. monitor | **B**. magazine | **C**. cell phone | **D**. calculating machine |

**Câu 10**: A computer consists of hardware and software.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. screen | **B**. physical parts | **C**. programs | **D**. keyboard |

**Câu 11**: In the developed world, virtually every profession makes use of computers,

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. most | **B**. the most | **C**. most of | **D**. almost |

**Câu 12**: Since the end of the 1980s, laptop computers have become popular \_\_\_\_\_ business people.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. between | **B**. among | **C**. to | **D**. for |

**Câu 13**: The World Cup matches will be \_\_\_\_\_ live by satellite to many countries all over the world.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. transmitted | **B**. transplanted | **C**. transported | **D**. translated  |

**Câu 14**: For further \_\_\_\_\_ on the computer programs, please contact us at this address.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. inform | **B**. informative | **C**. information | **D**. informative |

**Câu 15**: Because of the \_\_\_\_\_ in our company, the accountants can save a lot of time working with figures every month.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. computer | **B**. computerize | **C**. computerization | **D**. computation |

**Câu 16**: With many kinds of games designed, you can get \_\_\_\_\_ on computer.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. information | **B**. entertainment | **C**. production | **D**. calculation |

**Câu 17**: It \_\_\_\_\_ that at least 47,000 jobs were lost last year due to the economic crisis.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. calculates | **B**. calculated |
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**Câu 18**: Soon after the development of the computer, human life \_\_\_\_\_ dramatically in both work and entertainment.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
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**Câu 19**: I \_\_\_\_\_ you as soon as I \_\_\_\_\_ my work.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
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**Câu 20**: \_\_\_\_\_ is the longest river in England, flooded its banks last night,

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. The River Severn, that | **B**. The River Severn, is |
| **C**. The River Severn which | **D**. The River Severn, which |

**Câu 21**: The advantages of copper tools over stone, bone, and wooden tools \_\_\_\_\_ quickly apparent to early humans.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. are | **B**. have been | **C**. had been | **D**. were |

**Câu 22**: They report that the explorers were lost when climbing up the mount in a heavy storm.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. It was reported that the explorers were lost | **B**. It reported that the explorers were lost |
| **C**. The explorers are reported to have been lost | **D**. The explorers are reported to be lost |

**Câu 23**: John is reading a novel \_\_\_\_\_ by Jack London.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. write | **B**. written | **C**. writing | **D**. to write |

**Câu 24**: This book is interesting. During the last two days, I \_\_\_\_\_ six chapters.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. read | **B**. have read | **C**. had read | **D**. was reading |

**Câu 25**: \_\_\_\_\_ your mind to buy a new computer?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. What makes you change | **B**. What does make you change |
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**Câu 26**: I have never sent a mail on computers \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. ever | **B**. before | **C**. ago | **D**. then |

**Câu 27**: Unfortunately, the gold hunter and his dogs \_\_\_\_\_ could not manage to find the way out of the snowy storm never returned.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. which | **B**. who | **C**. whom | **D**. that |

**Câu 28**: The most important contribution of technology is making our life much easier and helping us achieve \_\_\_\_\_ was previously not possible.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. that | **B**. which | **C**. what | **D**. when  |

**Câu 29**: As personal computers, laptops are capable of \_\_\_\_\_ a desktop PC.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. the same tasks as | **B**. the same tasks with | **C**. the same as tasks as | **D**. as the same tasks as |

**Câu 30**: Trembling, she opened the drawer \_\_\_\_\_she kept all her precious jewelries as well as souvenirs.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. which | **B**. in which | **C**. in that | **D**. in where |

***Choose the best sentence that can be made from the words given.***

**Câu 31**: you / operate / printer / make sure / wire / plug in / printer / on

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. Unless you want to operate a printer, you must make sure that the wire is plugged in and the printer is on. |
| **B**. You want to operate a printer you must make sure that the wire is plugged in and the printer is on. |
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**Câu 32**: you / check / cable connections / computer / printer / put / papers / tray

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. You must check the cable connections between the computer and the printer. |
| **B**. You must check the cable connections among the computer and the printer. |
| **C**. As a result, you must check the cable connections between the computer and the printer. |
| **D**. Lately, you must check the cable connections between the computer and the printer. |

**Câu 33**: not use / folded papers / in other words / papers / smooth / clean

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. Don’t use folded papers. In other words, the papers must be smooth and clean. |
| **B**. Not using folded papers. In other words, the papers must be smooth and clean. |
| **C**. Not to use folded papers. In other words, the papers must be smooth and clean. |
| **D**. And not using folded papers. In other words, the papers must be smooth and clean. |

**Câu 34**: print / file / select / file / double click / printing symbol / computer toolbar.

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. As print a file, you must select the file and double click the printing symbol on the computer toolbar. |
| **B**. To print a file and then you must select the file and double click the printing symbol on the computer toolbar |
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| **D**. For a file printing, you must select the file and double click the printing symbol on the computer toolbar |

**Câu 35**: Remember / not / draw / papers / out of / when / working

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. Remember so that you do not to draw the papers out of the machine when it is working. |
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***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.***

**Câu 36 - 40**:

Technology refers to tools and machines that may be used to help solve problems. For further consideration, technology is the current state of our knowledge of how to combine resources to produce products, solve problems, fulfill needs, or satisfy wants. Technology includes technical methods, skills, processes, techniques, tools and raw materials. It is not easy to tell the difference between science, engineering and technology. Generally, science is the study of nature to discover relationships among elements of the world. It uses techniques. Engineering is the use of scientific principles to achieve a planned result. However, technology broadly involves the use and application of knowledge to achieve some “practical” result. For example, science might study the flow of electrons in electrical conductors. This knowledge is used by engineers to create devices, such as semiconductors, computers, and other forms of advanced technology. The history of technology is as old as humanity. The history of technology is a progression from simple tools and simple energy sources to complex tools and energy sources. The earliest technologies made simple tools from natural resources. Anthropologists have discovered many early human habitations and tools made from natural resources. The use, and then, of fire was a turning point in the technological development of humankind, affording a simple energy source with many practical uses. Perhaps the first use of fire was the heating and the preparation of food. The use of fire extended the capability for the treatment of natural resources and allowed the use of natural resources that require heat to be useful.
- Anthropologist: Nhà nhân chủng học

(Câu 36) Technology \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. has no relation to machines and tools |
| **B**. helps us produce products, solve problems, fulfill needs, or satisfy wants |
| **C**. is a technique, not knowledge |
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(Câu 37) According to the writer, \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. the distinctions between science, engineering and technology are quite clear |
| **B**. technology is not related to science and engineering |
| **C**. we cannot distinguish between science, engineering and technology clearly |
| **D**. technology includes science and engineering |

(Câu 38) The history of technology \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. is as old as that of human being | **B**. is unknown |
| **C**. could not make tools | **D**. made high-technology tools |

(Câu 39) The earliest technologies \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. made simple tools | **B**. is as old as that of human being |
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(Câu 40) The discovery of fire \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. has done nothing for human beings |
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***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.***

**Câu 41 - 50**:

Computer programs are lists of instructions for the computer to execute. These can range from just a few instructions which perform a simple task, to a (41)                      more complex instruction list which may also include tables of data.
Many computer programs (42)                      millions of instructions, and many of those instructions are executed repeatedly. A typical modern PC (in the year 2005) can execute around 3 billion instructions (43)                      second. Computers do not gain their extraordinary capabilities through the ability (44)                      complex instructions. Rather, they do millions of simple instructions arranged by people known as (45)                      . In practice, people do not normally write the instructions for computers (46)                      in machine language. Such programming is uninteresting and errors sometimes happen, (47)                      makes programmers very unproductive. Instead, programmers describe the desired actions in a “high level” programming language which is then translated (48)                      the machine language automatically by special computer programs which are called interpreters and compilers. The language chosen for a particular task depends (49)                      the nature of the task, the skill set of the programmers, tool availability and, the (50)                      of the customers.
- execute: thực hiện chỉ lệnh của một chương trình máy tính

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (41)  | **A**. much | **B**. many | **C**. most | **D**. mostly |
| (42)  | **A**. intend | **B**. contain | **C**. control | **D**. instruct |
| (43)  | **A**. a | **B**. an | **C**. the | **D**. no article |
| (44)  | **A**. execute | **B**. to execute | **C**. execution | **D**. executive |
| (45)  | **A**. professors | **B**. professors | **C**. advisers | **D**. programmers |
| (46)  | **A**. direct | **B**. director | **C**. directly | **D**. directed |
| (47)  | **A**. that | **B**. which | **C**. whom | **D**. who |
| (48)  | **A**. in | **B**. on | **C**. into | **D**. from |
| (49)  | **A**. on | **B**. from | **C**. in | **D**. with |
| (50)  | **A**. require | **B**. required | **C**. requirer | **D**. requirements |

 **----- HẾT -----**