**Họ tên học sinh:**   **Lớp:**

**Ngày thi:**   **Điểm:**

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.***

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Câu 1:** | **A**. advent | **B**. advertise | **C**. aboard | **D**. anniversary |
| **Câu 2:** | **A**. women | **B**. men | **C**. weekend | **D**. recommend |
| **Câu 3:** | **A**. charge | **B**. large | **C**. share | **D**. bar |
| **Câu 4:** | **A**. death | **B**. clothes | **C**. thing | **D**. birthday |
| **Câu 5:** | **A**. mature | **B**. picture | **C**. pasture | **D**. adventure |

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.***

**Câu 6**: He is interested in \_\_\_\_\_. He is a \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. scientist / science | **B**. science / scientist |
| **C**. scientific / science | **D**. scientist / scientific |

**Câu 7**: \_\_\_\_\_ speaking, everything is going on as well as we have predicted.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. Unsuccessfully | **B**. Impossibly | **C**. Generally | **D**. Unfortunately |

**Câu 8**: Because of financial problem, she could not go on her study at university,

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. continue | **B**. examine | **C**. expect | **D**. finish |

**Câu 9**: His mother’s death is the greatest \_\_\_\_\_ event that she will never get rid of.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. successful | **B**. comic | **C**. brilliant | **D**. tragic |

**Câu 10**: We used to go to school \_\_\_\_\_ when we lived on the farm during our boyhood.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. one another | **B**. altogether | **C**. together | **D**. each other |

**Câu 11**: She harboured the thought of being a member in the Parliament to struggle for women’s rights.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. keep in mind | **B**. determined | **C**. passed | **D**. took charge of |

**Câu 12**: Mr. Pike devoted more than half of his lifetime \_\_\_\_\_ teaching profession and now he is living \_\_\_\_\_ retirement.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. for / on | **B**. to / in | **C**. on / of | **D**. in / at |

**Câu 13**: Isaac Newton used to study, and then worked at \_\_\_\_\_ Cambridge, England.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. a | **B**. an | **C**. the | **D**. no article |

**Câu 14**: Without the pull of the Earth, we could not \_\_\_\_\_ anything.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. weigh | **B**. weight | **C**. weightless | **D**. weightlessness  |

**Câu 15**: He is a chemist. He often stays up late to do research or experiments in the \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. surgical ward | **B**. library | **C**. basement | **D**. laboratory |

**Câu 16**: In our modem time, human life has become better and better. The \_\_\_\_\_ are high.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. beautiful standards | **B**. ethical standards | **C**. living conditions | **D**. working securities |

**Câu 17**: I cannot make up my mind yet. What would you do if you were in my \_\_\_\_\_?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. position | **B**. armchair | **C**. stand | **D**. condition |

**Câu 18**: \_\_\_\_\_, Peter managed to arrive at the departure spot on time to join the trip with his friends.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. Although of some troubles on the way | **B**. Because of some troubles on the way |
| **C**. Had some troubles on the way | **D**. Though he got some troubles on the way |

**Câu 19**: As soon as we \_\_\_\_\_ at the airport to say good bye to Tom, his plane \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. will arrive / will take off | **B**. have arrived / is going to take off |
| **C**. arrived / had taken off | **D**. is arriving / took off |

**Câu 20**: I wish I \_\_\_\_\_ in London last year.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. was | **B**. were | **C**. would be | **D**. had been |

**Câu 21**: If he \_\_\_\_\_ a message, we \_\_\_\_\_ it two days ago.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. sent / would receive | **B**. had sent / would have received |
| **C**. has sent / would have been | **D**. sent / would have received |

**Câu 22**: While they \_\_\_\_\_ up the west coast, they ran out of food.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. is sailing | **B**. have been sailing | **C**. were sailing | **D**. will be sailing |

**Câu 23**: \_\_\_\_\_ her intermediate course she began an advanced one.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. No sooner had she finished | **B**. No sooner she had finished |
| **C**. No sooner did she finish | **D**. No sooner she finished |

**Câu 24**: If he \_\_\_\_\_ here now, we would ask his opinion.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. is | **B**. were | **C**. has been | **D**. had been |

**Câu 25**: It was heavy traffic that \_\_\_\_\_ at the office on time.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. prevented us to arrive | **B**. prevented us from arriving |
| **C**. we prevented to arrive | **D**. we were prevent to arrive |

**Câu 26**: Among my students Peter was the first who got the scholarship to study aboard,

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. to get the scholarship | **B**. to getting the scholarship |
| **C**. that got the scholarship | **D**. whom to get the scholarship |

**Câu 27**: \_\_\_\_\_, you have to assume responsibility for human health and life.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. As a doctor | **B**. Who is a doctor |
| **C**. As a doctor working | **D**. That you are a doctor |

**Câu 28**: The crowd was \_\_\_\_\_ large \_\_\_\_\_ enthusiastic.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. either / nor | **B**. neither / or | **C**. not only / but also | **D**. both / or |

**Câu 29**: The volunteers, \_\_\_\_\_ enthusiasm was obvious, finished the work quickly.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. who | **B**. whom | **C**. whose | **D**. that |

**Câu 30**: I have not yet received the letter \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. which you referred | **B**. to which you referred |
| **C**. to that you referred | **D**. you referred |

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.***

**Câu 31**: In recognition of the enormous contribution inventors have been made to the nation and the world, the Congress designated February 11, the anniversary of the birth of Thomas Alva Edison, as National Inventor’s Day.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. In recognition | **B**. inventors have been made |
| **C**. designated | **D**. the anniversary of the birth |

**Câu 32**: People who live in small towns often seem warmer and more considerate than those whom live in densely populated areas.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. People who | **B**. seem warmer and more considerate |
| **C**. those whom | **D**. densely populated areas |

**Câu 33**: Edison was an inventor and the businessman who developed many devices which greatly influenced life in the 20th Century.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. an inventor | **B**. the businessman |
| **C**. many devices | **D**. which greatly influenced |

**Câu 34**: He was one of the first inventor to apply the principles of mass production to the process of invention.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. one of the first inventor | **B**. to apply |
| **C**. mass production | **D**. the process of invention |

**Câu 35**: The reclaim of land is being carried out to increase the areas of planting and solve the problem of food shortage.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. The reclaim of land | **B**. is being carried out | **C**. solve the problem | **D**. food shortage |

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.***

**Câu 36 - 40**:

Thomas Edison was born on February 11, 1847 in Milan, Ohio. Edison had a late start in his schooling due to childhood illness. His mind often wandered and his teacher called him “addled”. This ended Edison’s three months of formal schooling. His mother had been a school teacher in Canada and happily took over the job of schooling her son. She encouraged and taught him to read and experiment. He recalled later, “My mother was the making of me. She was so true, so sure of me; and I felt I had something to live for, someone I must not disappoint.” Many of his lessons came from reading R.G. Parker’s School of natural philosophy.
Edison’s life in Port Huron was bittersweet. Partially deaf since adolescence, he became a telegraph operator after he saved Jimmie Mackenzie from being struck by a train. Jimmie’s father, a station agent, was so grateful that he chose Edison his assistant and trained him as a telegraph operator. Edison’s deafness aided him as it blocked out noises and prevented Edison from hearing the telegrapher sitting next to him. Some of his earliest inventions related to electrical telegraphy, including a stock ticker. Edison applied for his first patent, the electric vote recorder, on October 28, 1868. Thomas Edison began his career as an inventor in Newark, New Jersey, with the automatic repeater and other improved telegraphic devices, but the invention which first gained Edison fame was the phonograph in 1877.
On December 25, 1871, he married Mary Stilwell, and they had three children. His wife Mary died in 1884. On February 24, 1886, he married 19-year-old Mina Miller. They had three more children. Charles Edison took over the company upon his father’s death, and who later was elected Governor of New Jersey. Thomas Edison died on Oct. 18th, 1931 in New Jersey at 84 years of age. His final words to his beloved Mina were, “It is very beautiful over there.”
Edison is considered one of the most ***prolific*** inventors in history, holding 1,093 U.S. patents in his name, as well as many patents in the United Kingdom, France, and Germany.

(Câu 36) Thomas Edison \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. had good schooling | **B**. was a prominent student at school |
| **C**. got high appreciation from his teacher | **D**. did not have good health in his childhood |

(Câu 37) According to Edison, his greatest teacher was \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. his mother | **B**. Jimmie Mackenzie |
| **C**. Jimmie Mackenzie’s father | **D**. Mary Stiwell |

(Câu 38) The first patent which Edison applied for was \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. the stock ticker | **B**. the automatic repeater |
| **C**. the electric vote recorder | **D**. the phonograph |

(Câu 39) How many children did Edison have?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. Three | **B**. Four | **C**. Five | **D**. Six |

(Câu 40) The word ***prolific*** has the close meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. creative | **B**. productive | **C**. possible | **D**. capable |

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.***

**Câu 41 - 50**:

Sir Davy Humphry is considered to be (41)                      famous son of Penzance and one of the (42)                      scientists of the 19th century. Davy was born in Penzance in 1778, the son of a woodcarver. (43)                      the age of 16 he was apprenticed to a local doctor and became (44)                      in chemistry. In 1798 he left to work in a medical laboratory in Bristol. There he (45)                      the pain relieving effects of laughing gas (nitrous oxide) and suggested its anesthetic use. When he was 24, Davy was a professor (46)                      chemistry at the Royal Institution. He founded the science of electro-chemistry and discovered 6 new elements (47)                      potassium and sodium. He became famous and was honoured throughout Europe. Davy is remembered now for his work on the miner’s safety lamp (48)                      bears his name, but perhaps his greatest contribution to science was the (49)                      he gave to the young Michael Faraday. Davy supported the Royal GeologicalSociety in Penzance and (50)                      money to his old school. He died in 1829.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (41)  | **A**. most | **B**. the most | **C**. more | **D**. the more |
| (42)  | **A**. lead | **B**. leader | **C**. leading | **D**. leadership |
| (43)  | **A**. In | **B**. On | **C**. At | **D**. For |
| (44)  | **A**. interested | **B**. excited | **C**. delighted | **D**. keen |
| (45)  | **A**. disappeared | **B**. discovered | **C**. disappointed | **D**. dismissed |
| (46)  | **A**. for | **B**. at | **C**. on | **D**. of |
| (47)  | **A**. including | **B**. involving | **C**. consisting | **D**. submitting |
| (48)  | **A**. what | **B**. whom | **C**. which | **D**. of which |
| (49)  | **A**. courage | **B**. encourage | **C**. encouraging | **D**. encouragement |
| (50)  | **A**. missed | **B**. left | **C**. omitted | **D**. threw |

 **----- HẾT -----**

**Họ tên học sinh:**   **Lớp:**

**Ngày thi:**   **Điểm:**

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.***

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Câu 1:** | **A**. advent | **B**. advertise | **C**. aboard | **D**. anniversary |
| **Câu 2:** | **A**. women | **B**. men | **C**. weekend | **D**. recommend |
| **Câu 3:** | **A**. charge | **B**. large | **C**. share | **D**. bar |
| **Câu 4:** | **A**. death | **B**. clothes | **C**. thing | **D**. birthday |
| **Câu 5:** | **A**. mature | **B**. picture | **C**. pasture | **D**. adventure |

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.***

**Câu 6**: He is interested in \_\_\_\_\_. He is a \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. scientist / science | **B**. science / scientist |
| **C**. scientific / science | **D**. scientist / scientific |

**Câu 7**: \_\_\_\_\_ speaking, everything is going on as well as we have predicted.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. Unsuccessfully | **B**. Impossibly | **C**. Generally | **D**. Unfortunately |

**Câu 8**: Because of financial problem, she could not go on her study at university,

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. continue | **B**. examine | **C**. expect | **D**. finish |

**Câu 9**: His mother’s death is the greatest \_\_\_\_\_ event that she will never get rid of.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. successful | **B**. comic | **C**. brilliant | **D**. tragic |

**Câu 10**: We used to go to school \_\_\_\_\_ when we lived on the farm during our boyhood.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. one another | **B**. altogether | **C**. together | **D**. each other |

**Câu 11**: She harboured the thought of being a member in the Parliament to struggle for women’s rights.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. keep in mind | **B**. determined | **C**. passed | **D**. took charge of |

**Câu 12**: Mr. Pike devoted more than half of his lifetime \_\_\_\_\_ teaching profession and now he is living \_\_\_\_\_ retirement.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. for / on | **B**. to / in | **C**. on / of | **D**. in / at |

**Câu 13**: Isaac Newton used to study, and then worked at \_\_\_\_\_ Cambridge, England.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. a | **B**. an | **C**. the | **D**. no article |

**Câu 14**: Without the pull of the Earth, we could not \_\_\_\_\_ anything.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. weigh | **B**. weight | **C**. weightless | **D**. weightlessness  |

**Câu 15**: He is a chemist. He often stays up late to do research or experiments in the \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. surgical ward | **B**. library | **C**. basement | **D**. laboratory |

**Câu 16**: In our modem time, human life has become better and better. The \_\_\_\_\_ are high.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. beautiful standards | **B**. ethical standards | **C**. living conditions | **D**. working securities |

**Câu 17**: I cannot make up my mind yet. What would you do if you were in my \_\_\_\_\_?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. position | **B**. armchair | **C**. stand | **D**. condition |

**Câu 18**: \_\_\_\_\_, Peter managed to arrive at the departure spot on time to join the trip with his friends.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. Although of some troubles on the way | **B**. Because of some troubles on the way |
| **C**. Had some troubles on the way | **D**. Though he got some troubles on the way |

**Câu 19**: As soon as we \_\_\_\_\_ at the airport to say good bye to Tom, his plane \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. will arrive / will take off | **B**. have arrived / is going to take off |
| **C**. arrived / had taken off | **D**. is arriving / took off |

**Câu 20**: I wish I \_\_\_\_\_ in London last year.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. was | **B**. were | **C**. would be | **D**. had been |

**Câu 21**: If he \_\_\_\_\_ a message, we \_\_\_\_\_ it two days ago.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. sent / would receive | **B**. had sent / would have received |
| **C**. has sent / would have been | **D**. sent / would have received |

**Câu 22**: While they \_\_\_\_\_ up the west coast, they ran out of food.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. is sailing | **B**. have been sailing | **C**. were sailing | **D**. will be sailing |

**Câu 23**: \_\_\_\_\_ her intermediate course she began an advanced one.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. No sooner had she finished | **B**. No sooner she had finished |
| **C**. No sooner did she finish | **D**. No sooner she finished |

**Câu 24**: If he \_\_\_\_\_ here now, we would ask his opinion.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. is | **B**. were | **C**. has been | **D**. had been |

**Câu 25**: It was heavy traffic that \_\_\_\_\_ at the office on time.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. prevented us to arrive | **B**. prevented us from arriving |
| **C**. we prevented to arrive | **D**. we were prevent to arrive |

**Câu 26**: Among my students Peter was the first who got the scholarship to study aboard,

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. to get the scholarship | **B**. to getting the scholarship |
| **C**. that got the scholarship | **D**. whom to get the scholarship |

**Câu 27**: \_\_\_\_\_, you have to assume responsibility for human health and life.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. As a doctor | **B**. Who is a doctor |
| **C**. As a doctor working | **D**. That you are a doctor |

**Câu 28**: The crowd was \_\_\_\_\_ large \_\_\_\_\_ enthusiastic.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. either / nor | **B**. neither / or | **C**. not only / but also | **D**. both / or |

**Câu 29**: The volunteers, \_\_\_\_\_ enthusiasm was obvious, finished the work quickly.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. who | **B**. whom | **C**. whose | **D**. that |

**Câu 30**: I have not yet received the letter \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. which you referred | **B**. to which you referred |
| **C**. to that you referred | **D**. you referred |

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.***

**Câu 31**: In recognition of the enormous contribution inventors have been made to the nation and the world, the Congress designated February 11, the anniversary of the birth of Thomas Alva Edison, as National Inventor’s Day.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. In recognition | **B**. inventors have been made |
| **C**. designated | **D**. the anniversary of the birth |

**Câu 32**: People who live in small towns often seem warmer and more considerate than those whom live in densely populated areas.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. People who | **B**. seem warmer and more considerate |
| **C**. those whom | **D**. densely populated areas |

**Câu 33**: Edison was an inventor and the businessman who developed many devices which greatly influenced life in the 20th Century.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. an inventor | **B**. the businessman |
| **C**. many devices | **D**. which greatly influenced |

**Câu 34**: He was one of the first inventor to apply the principles of mass production to the process of invention.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. one of the first inventor | **B**. to apply |
| **C**. mass production | **D**. the process of invention |

**Câu 35**: The reclaim of land is being carried out to increase the areas of planting and solve the problem of food shortage.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. The reclaim of land | **B**. is being carried out | **C**. solve the problem | **D**. food shortage |

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.***

**Câu 36 - 40**:

Thomas Edison was born on February 11, 1847 in Milan, Ohio. Edison had a late start in his schooling due to childhood illness. His mind often wandered and his teacher called him “addled”. This ended Edison’s three months of formal schooling. His mother had been a school teacher in Canada and happily took over the job of schooling her son. She encouraged and taught him to read and experiment. He recalled later, “My mother was the making of me. She was so true, so sure of me; and I felt I had something to live for, someone I must not disappoint.” Many of his lessons came from reading R.G. Parker’s School of natural philosophy.
Edison’s life in Port Huron was bittersweet. Partially deaf since adolescence, he became a telegraph operator after he saved Jimmie Mackenzie from being struck by a train. Jimmie’s father, a station agent, was so grateful that he chose Edison his assistant and trained him as a telegraph operator. Edison’s deafness aided him as it blocked out noises and prevented Edison from hearing the telegrapher sitting next to him. Some of his earliest inventions related to electrical telegraphy, including a stock ticker. Edison applied for his first patent, the electric vote recorder, on October 28, 1868. Thomas Edison began his career as an inventor in Newark, New Jersey, with the automatic repeater and other improved telegraphic devices, but the invention which first gained Edison fame was the phonograph in 1877.
On December 25, 1871, he married Mary Stilwell, and they had three children. His wife Mary died in 1884. On February 24, 1886, he married 19-year-old Mina Miller. They had three more children. Charles Edison took over the company upon his father’s death, and who later was elected Governor of New Jersey. Thomas Edison died on Oct. 18th, 1931 in New Jersey at 84 years of age. His final words to his beloved Mina were, “It is very beautiful over there.”
Edison is considered one of the most ***prolific*** inventors in history, holding 1,093 U.S. patents in his name, as well as many patents in the United Kingdom, France, and Germany.

(Câu 36) Thomas Edison \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. had good schooling | **B**. was a prominent student at school |
| **C**. got high appreciation from his teacher | **D**. did not have good health in his childhood |

(Câu 37) According to Edison, his greatest teacher was \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. his mother | **B**. Jimmie Mackenzie |
| **C**. Jimmie Mackenzie’s father | **D**. Mary Stiwell |

(Câu 38) The first patent which Edison applied for was \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. the stock ticker | **B**. the automatic repeater |
| **C**. the electric vote recorder | **D**. the phonograph |

(Câu 39) How many children did Edison have?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. Three | **B**. Four | **C**. Five | **D**. Six |

(Câu 40) The word ***prolific*** has the close meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. creative | **B**. productive | **C**. possible | **D**. capable |

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.***

**Câu 41 - 50**:

Sir Davy Humphry is considered to be (41)                      famous son of Penzance and one of the (42)                      scientists of the 19th century. Davy was born in Penzance in 1778, the son of a woodcarver. (43)                      the age of 16 he was apprenticed to a local doctor and became (44)                      in chemistry. In 1798 he left to work in a medical laboratory in Bristol. There he (45)                      the pain relieving effects of laughing gas (nitrous oxide) and suggested its anesthetic use. When he was 24, Davy was a professor (46)                      chemistry at the Royal Institution. He founded the science of electro-chemistry and discovered 6 new elements (47)                      potassium and sodium. He became famous and was honoured throughout Europe. Davy is remembered now for his work on the miner’s safety lamp (48)                      bears his name, but perhaps his greatest contribution to science was the (49)                      he gave to the young Michael Faraday. Davy supported the Royal GeologicalSociety in Penzance and (50)                      money to his old school. He died in 1829.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (41)  | **A**. most | **B**. the most | **C**. more | **D**. the more |
| (42)  | **A**. lead | **B**. leader | **C**. leading | **D**. leadership |
| (43)  | **A**. In | **B**. On | **C**. At | **D**. For |
| (44)  | **A**. interested | **B**. excited | **C**. delighted | **D**. keen |
| (45)  | **A**. disappeared | **B**. discovered | **C**. disappointed | **D**. dismissed |
| (46)  | **A**. for | **B**. at | **C**. on | **D**. of |
| (47)  | **A**. including | **B**. involving | **C**. consisting | **D**. submitting |
| (48)  | **A**. what | **B**. whom | **C**. which | **D**. of which |
| (49)  | **A**. courage | **B**. encourage | **C**. encouraging | **D**. encouragement |
| (50)  | **A**. missed | **B**. left | **C**. omitted | **D**. threw |

 **----- HẾT -----**