**Họ tên học sinh:**   **Lớp:**

**Ngày thi:**   **Điểm:**

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.***

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Question 1:** | **A**. picture | **B**. adventure | **C**. future | **D**. mature |
| **Question 2:** | **A**. urgent | **B**. surface | **C**. hurry | **D**. curtain |
| **Question 3:** | **A**. beat | **B**. heat | **C**. meat | **D**. breakfast |
| **Question 4:** | **A**. worked | **B**. stopped | **C**. wanted | **D**. forced |
| **Question 5:** | **A**. books | **B**. lives | **C**. gets | **D**. repeats |

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.***

**Question 6**: If you work hard, you will eventually \_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. succeed | **B**. successfully | **C**. successful | **D**. success |

**Question 7**: But her real joy was "easing human suffering". The founding of the Radium Institute in 1914 made her humanitarian wish \_\_\_\_\_\_ true.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. came | **B**. come | **C**. to come | **D**. comes |

**Question 8**: They had eaten everything \_\_\_\_\_\_ I arrived at the party.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. by the time | **B**. at the time | **C**. whenever | **D**. the time |

**Question 9**: The lift is out of order, \_\_\_\_\_ is too bad.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. whom | **B**. where | **C**. who | **D**. which |

**Question 10**: The old \_\_\_\_\_ our care.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. needs | **B**. need | **C**. needing | **D**. to need |

**Question 11**: Finally in 1891, Marie, with \_\_\_\_\_money to live on, went to Paris to realise her dream at the Sorbonne.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. very few | **B**. very little | **C**. very many | **D**. very a little |

**Question 12**: Do you mind \_\_\_\_\_\_ the cooking?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. to do | **B**. for doing | **C**. doing | **D**. do |

**Question 13**: The baby \_\_\_\_\_\_ wonderfully up to now.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. has behaved | **B**. behaved | **C**. is behaving | **D**. behaves |

**Question 14**: The \_\_\_\_\_\_ are those who can’t use a part of the body in a normal way.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. unemployed | **B**. mentally-retarded | **C**. disabled | **D**. injured |

**Question 15**: David can make an airplane appear and disappear \_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. magical | **B**. magic | **C**. magic’s | **D**. magically |

**Question 16**: His pronunciation causes me many \_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. difficult | **B**. difficultly | **C**. difficulties | **D**. difficulty |

**Question 17**: This is the most \_\_\_\_\_\_ film I have ever watched.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. excitement | **B**. exciting | **C**. excited | **D**. excite |

**Question 18**: David Brown worked \_\_\_\_\_\_ a tourist guide from June 1999 to December 2002. He really liked his job.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. as | **B**. on | **C**. for | **D**. with |

**Question 19**: By the time my mother\_\_\_\_\_\_ home, I \_\_\_\_\_\_ all my homework.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. got/ had done. | **B**. got/ did. | **C**. got / had did. | **D**. had got / had done. |

**Question 20**: Everybody\_\_\_\_\_\_ happily. Suddenly they\_\_\_\_\_\_ smoke.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. was dancing/ smelt | **B**. had danced/ smelt. | **C**. danced/ smelt. | **D**. were dancing/ smelt |

**Question 21**: I will go to bed until I \_\_\_\_\_\_ all my exercises.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. have finished | **B**. will finish | **C**. has finished | **D**. am finishing |

**Question 22**: He often practises speaking English with the native \_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. speaking | **B**. spoke | **C**. speakers | **D**. speak |

**Question 23**: Lindsay Lewis \_\_\_\_\_\_ research at Bristol University in the 1980s.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. made | **B**. had made | **C**. had done | **D**. did |

**Question 24**: The purpose of this test is to \_\_\_\_\_\_ the weight of the chemical element.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. interrupt | **B**. measure | **C**. find out | **D**. ease |

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.***

**Question 25**: Lan: “ Good afternoon!”

Nam: “..........”

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. Goodbye. See you later. | **B**. Hello. How are you? |
| **C**. Nice to meet you? | **D**. Bye. |

**Question 26**: Jane: “..........”

Kate: "Everybody, except for my sister because she was on business."

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. Why did your sister attend the party? | **B**. How was the party? |
| **C**. How about the party? | **D**. Who attended your birthday party? |

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.***

**Question 27**: I often talk to my fellow **peasants** when we have free time.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. farmers | **B**. doctors | **C**. lawyers | **D**. teachers |

**Question 28**: After lunch, I often take a short **rest**.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. destination | **B**. plough | **C**. excursion | **D**. break |

**Question 29**: Linh always has a very busy **timetable** for the whole week.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. schedule | **B**. routine | **C**. holiday | **D**. life |

**Question 30**: No matter what may happen, you should never **give up** hopes.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. create | **B**. be satisfied with | **C**. begin | **D**. stop |

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.***

**Question 31 - 35**:

**EDUCATION IN ENGLAND**  
Every child in Great Britain between the age of five and fifteen must (31)                      school. There (32)                      three main types of education institutions: primary (elementary) schools, secondary schools, and universities.  
State schools are free, and attendance is compulsory. Morning school begins at nine o’clock and lasts until half past four. School is open five days a week.  
(33)                      Saturdays and Sundays, there are no lessons. There are holidays at Christmas, Easter and in summer. In London as in all cities, there are two grades of state schools for those (34)                      will go to work at fifteen: primary schools for boys and girls between the ages of five and eleven, and secondary schools for children from eleven to fifteen.  
The lessons are reading, writing, the English language, English literature, English history, geography, (35)                      ,nature study, drawing, painting, singing, woodwork and drill.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (31) | **A**. go | **B**. come | **C**. attend | **D**. arrive |
| (32) | **A**. is | **B**. has | **C**. have | **D**. are |
| (33) | **A**. For | **B**. On | **C**. At | **D**. In |
| (34) | **A**. when | **B**. where | **C**. which | **D**. who |
| (35) | **A**. scientifically | **B**. scientific | **C**. science | **D**. scientist |

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.***

**Question 36 - 40**:

The first school for blind, deaf and mute children in the Tibet Autonomous Region celebrated its first anniversary on Friday. The school is built in the eastern suburb of Lhasa, capital of Tibet, and is designed to hold 200 students. It covers 20,000 square meters.The school curriculum includes Braille and sign language training, Tibetan, mathematics, writing, ethics training, physical education, arts, handicrafts, speech and walking courses. At the celebration, the audience was touched by a silent song expressed by the students with sign language. BaibaToinzhub, a 10-year-old blind child, can speak fluent Chinese and is good at singing and dancing. He told the visitors that life in the boarding school was comfortable.

(Question 36) What type of students attend the school?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. Children who cannot see, hear, or speak. | **B**. Children who live in the Tibet Autonomous Region. |
| **C**. Children with a variety of disabilities. | **D**. Children who are visually impaired. |

(Question 37) The school is located in \_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. the capital of Tibet | **B**. the eastern of Tibet |
| **C**. 20,000 square meters | **D**. the suburb of the capital of Tibet |

(Question 38) The school is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. built in Tibet | **B**. able to hold 200 students |
| **C**. 20,000 square kilometers in area | **D**. the first boarding school in Tibet |

(Question 39) Which subject is taught in the school?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. Computers | **B**. Physics | **C**. Foreign languages | **D**. Braille |

(Question 40) Which of the following is NOT true?

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. Life in the boarding school is comfortable. |
| **B**. Tibet’s first deaf-mute school celebrated its 10th birthday. |
| **C**. BaibaToinzhub can sing and dance very well. |
| **D**. The visitors were touched by a silent song. |

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.***

**Question 41**: We hope to receive a message from our mutual friend, Susan.

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. Our mutual friend, Susan, whom we hope to receive a message. |
| **B**. Susan, who’s our mutual friend, is hoped to receive a message from. |
| **C**. We’re looking forward to receiving a message from our mutual friend, Susan. |
| **D**. We wish we received a message from our mutual friend, Susan. |

**Question 42**: Minh wishes he had taken part in the English competition last week.

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. Minh now regrets not having attended the English competition last week. |
| **B**. Minh would never mind not attending the English competition last week. |
| **C**. Minh really enjoyed attending the English competition last week. |
| **D**. Not attending the English competition last week was Minh’s big mistake. |

**Question 43**: We really do not want to hear your explanation again.

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. We are fed up with hearing your explanation again. |
| **B**. We would rather not ask you to give any explanation again. |
| **C**. Your explanation really makes us feel sorry. |
| **D**. We are extremely sorry for hearing your explanation again. |

**Question 44**: I didn’t use to like football.

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. When I was young, I liked football, but now I don’t. |
| **B**. I don’t like football. |
| **C**. Once I didn’t like football, but now I do. |
| **D**. I wasn’t accustomed to football. |

**Question 45**: The dictionary was so expensive that I didn’t buy it.

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. The dictionary was too expensive for me to buy it. |
| **B**. It was an expensive dictionary so that meant I didn’t buy it. |
| **C**. It was such an expensive dictionary that I didn’t buy it. |
| **D**. The dictionary was enough expensive for me to buy. |

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.***

**Question 46**: The stories what I’ve told you are all true.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. I’ve told | **B**. are | **C**. true | **D**. what |

**Question 47**: I succeeded in to find a job, so my parents didn’t make me go to college.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. didn’t make | **B**. to find | **C**. go | **D**. succeeded in |

**Question 48**: It often takes me about fifteen minutes to go to work from here by foot.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. to go to work | **B**. It often takes | **C**. fifteen minutes | **D**. by foot |

**Question 49**: Marie Curie was the first woman received a Doctor of Science degree from Sorbonne University.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. Sorbonne | **B**. received |
| **C**. Doctor of Science degree | **D**. the first woman |

**Question 50**: He advised me to consider all the factors before decided to accept the job.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. advised | **B**. decided | **C**. factors | **D**. to consider |

**----- HẾT -----**

**Họ tên học sinh:**   **Lớp:**

**Ngày thi:**   **Điểm:**

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.***

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Question 1:** | **A**. picture | **B**. adventure | **C**. future | **D**. mature |
| **Question 2:** | **A**. urgent | **B**. surface | **C**. hurry | **D**. curtain |
| **Question 3:** | **A**. beat | **B**. heat | **C**. meat | **D**. breakfast |
| **Question 4:** | **A**. worked | **B**. stopped | **C**. wanted | **D**. forced |
| **Question 5:** | **A**. books | **B**. lives | **C**. gets | **D**. repeats |

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.***

**Question 6**: If you work hard, you will eventually \_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. succeed | **B**. successfully | **C**. successful | **D**. success |

**Question 7**: But her real joy was "easing human suffering". The founding of the Radium Institute in 1914 made her humanitarian wish \_\_\_\_\_\_ true.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. came | **B**. come | **C**. to come | **D**. comes |

**Question 8**: They had eaten everything \_\_\_\_\_\_ I arrived at the party.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. by the time | **B**. at the time | **C**. whenever | **D**. the time |

**Question 9**: The lift is out of order, \_\_\_\_\_ is too bad.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. whom | **B**. where | **C**. who | **D**. which |

**Question 10**: The old \_\_\_\_\_ our care.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. needs | **B**. need | **C**. needing | **D**. to need |

**Question 11**: Finally in 1891, Marie, with \_\_\_\_\_money to live on, went to Paris to realise her dream at the Sorbonne.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. very few | **B**. very little | **C**. very many | **D**. very a little |

**Question 12**: Do you mind \_\_\_\_\_\_ the cooking?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. to do | **B**. for doing | **C**. doing | **D**. do |

**Question 13**: The baby \_\_\_\_\_\_ wonderfully up to now.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. has behaved | **B**. behaved | **C**. is behaving | **D**. behaves |

**Question 14**: The \_\_\_\_\_\_ are those who can’t use a part of the body in a normal way.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. unemployed | **B**. mentally-retarded | **C**. disabled | **D**. injured |

**Question 15**: David can make an airplane appear and disappear \_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. magical | **B**. magic | **C**. magic’s | **D**. magically |

**Question 16**: His pronunciation causes me many \_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. difficult | **B**. difficultly | **C**. difficulties | **D**. difficulty |

**Question 17**: This is the most \_\_\_\_\_\_ film I have ever watched.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. excitement | **B**. exciting | **C**. excited | **D**. excite |

**Question 18**: David Brown worked \_\_\_\_\_\_ a tourist guide from June 1999 to December 2002. He really liked his job.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. as | **B**. on | **C**. for | **D**. with |

**Question 19**: By the time my mother\_\_\_\_\_\_ home, I \_\_\_\_\_\_ all my homework.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. got/ had done. | **B**. got/ did. | **C**. got / had did. | **D**. had got / had done. |

**Question 20**: Everybody\_\_\_\_\_\_ happily. Suddenly they\_\_\_\_\_\_ smoke.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. was dancing/ smelt | **B**. had danced/ smelt. | **C**. danced/ smelt. | **D**. were dancing/ smelt |

**Question 21**: I will go to bed until I \_\_\_\_\_\_ all my exercises.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. have finished | **B**. will finish | **C**. has finished | **D**. am finishing |

**Question 22**: He often practises speaking English with the native \_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. speaking | **B**. spoke | **C**. speakers | **D**. speak |

**Question 23**: Lindsay Lewis \_\_\_\_\_\_ research at Bristol University in the 1980s.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. made | **B**. had made | **C**. had done | **D**. did |

**Question 24**: The purpose of this test is to \_\_\_\_\_\_ the weight of the chemical element.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. interrupt | **B**. measure | **C**. find out | **D**. ease |

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.***

**Question 25**: Lan: “ Good afternoon!”

Nam: “..........”

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. Goodbye. See you later. | **B**. Hello. How are you? |
| **C**. Nice to meet you? | **D**. Bye. |

**Question 26**: Jane: “..........”

Kate: "Everybody, except for my sister because she was on business."

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. Why did your sister attend the party? | **B**. How was the party? |
| **C**. How about the party? | **D**. Who attended your birthday party? |

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.***

**Question 27**: I often talk to my fellow **peasants** when we have free time.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. farmers | **B**. doctors | **C**. lawyers | **D**. teachers |

**Question 28**: After lunch, I often take a short **rest**.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. destination | **B**. plough | **C**. excursion | **D**. break |

**Question 29**: Linh always has a very busy **timetable** for the whole week.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. schedule | **B**. routine | **C**. holiday | **D**. life |

**Question 30**: No matter what may happen, you should never **give up** hopes.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. create | **B**. be satisfied with | **C**. begin | **D**. stop |

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.***

**Question 31 - 35**:

**EDUCATION IN ENGLAND**  
Every child in Great Britain between the age of five and fifteen must (31)                      school. There (32)                      three main types of education institutions: primary (elementary) schools, secondary schools, and universities.  
State schools are free, and attendance is compulsory. Morning school begins at nine o’clock and lasts until half past four. School is open five days a week.  
(33)                      Saturdays and Sundays, there are no lessons. There are holidays at Christmas, Easter and in summer. In London as in all cities, there are two grades of state schools for those (34)                      will go to work at fifteen: primary schools for boys and girls between the ages of five and eleven, and secondary schools for children from eleven to fifteen.  
The lessons are reading, writing, the English language, English literature, English history, geography, (35)                      ,nature study, drawing, painting, singing, woodwork and drill.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (31) | **A**. go | **B**. come | **C**. attend | **D**. arrive |
| (32) | **A**. is | **B**. has | **C**. have | **D**. are |
| (33) | **A**. For | **B**. On | **C**. At | **D**. In |
| (34) | **A**. when | **B**. where | **C**. which | **D**. who |
| (35) | **A**. scientifically | **B**. scientific | **C**. science | **D**. scientist |

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.***

**Question 36 - 40**:

The first school for blind, deaf and mute children in the Tibet Autonomous Region celebrated its first anniversary on Friday. The school is built in the eastern suburb of Lhasa, capital of Tibet, and is designed to hold 200 students. It covers 20,000 square meters.The school curriculum includes Braille and sign language training, Tibetan, mathematics, writing, ethics training, physical education, arts, handicrafts, speech and walking courses. At the celebration, the audience was touched by a silent song expressed by the students with sign language. BaibaToinzhub, a 10-year-old blind child, can speak fluent Chinese and is good at singing and dancing. He told the visitors that life in the boarding school was comfortable.

(Question 36) What type of students attend the school?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. Children who cannot see, hear, or speak. | **B**. Children who live in the Tibet Autonomous Region. |
| **C**. Children with a variety of disabilities. | **D**. Children who are visually impaired. |

(Question 37) The school is located in \_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. the capital of Tibet | **B**. the eastern of Tibet |
| **C**. 20,000 square meters | **D**. the suburb of the capital of Tibet |

(Question 38) The school is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. built in Tibet | **B**. able to hold 200 students |
| **C**. 20,000 square kilometers in area | **D**. the first boarding school in Tibet |

(Question 39) Which subject is taught in the school?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. Computers | **B**. Physics | **C**. Foreign languages | **D**. Braille |

(Question 40) Which of the following is NOT true?

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. Life in the boarding school is comfortable. |
| **B**. Tibet’s first deaf-mute school celebrated its 10th birthday. |
| **C**. BaibaToinzhub can sing and dance very well. |
| **D**. The visitors were touched by a silent song. |

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.***

**Question 41**: We hope to receive a message from our mutual friend, Susan.

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. Our mutual friend, Susan, whom we hope to receive a message. |
| **B**. Susan, who’s our mutual friend, is hoped to receive a message from. |
| **C**. We’re looking forward to receiving a message from our mutual friend, Susan. |
| **D**. We wish we received a message from our mutual friend, Susan. |

**Question 42**: Minh wishes he had taken part in the English competition last week.

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. Minh now regrets not having attended the English competition last week. |
| **B**. Minh would never mind not attending the English competition last week. |
| **C**. Minh really enjoyed attending the English competition last week. |
| **D**. Not attending the English competition last week was Minh’s big mistake. |

**Question 43**: We really do not want to hear your explanation again.

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. We are fed up with hearing your explanation again. |
| **B**. We would rather not ask you to give any explanation again. |
| **C**. Your explanation really makes us feel sorry. |
| **D**. We are extremely sorry for hearing your explanation again. |

**Question 44**: I didn’t use to like football.

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. When I was young, I liked football, but now I don’t. |
| **B**. I don’t like football. |
| **C**. Once I didn’t like football, but now I do. |
| **D**. I wasn’t accustomed to football. |

**Question 45**: The dictionary was so expensive that I didn’t buy it.

|  |
| --- |
| **A**. The dictionary was too expensive for me to buy it. |
| **B**. It was an expensive dictionary so that meant I didn’t buy it. |
| **C**. It was such an expensive dictionary that I didn’t buy it. |
| **D**. The dictionary was enough expensive for me to buy. |

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.***

**Question 46**: The stories what I’ve told you are all true.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. I’ve told | **B**. are | **C**. true | **D**. what |

**Question 47**: I succeeded in to find a job, so my parents didn’t make me go to college.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. didn’t make | **B**. to find | **C**. go | **D**. succeeded in |

**Question 48**: It often takes me about fifteen minutes to go to work from here by foot.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. to go to work | **B**. It often takes | **C**. fifteen minutes | **D**. by foot |

**Question 49**: Marie Curie was the first woman received a Doctor of Science degree from Sorbonne University.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A**. Sorbonne | **B**. received |
| **C**. Doctor of Science degree | **D**. the first woman |

**Question 50**: He advised me to consider all the factors before decided to accept the job.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **A**. advised | **B**. decided | **C**. factors | **D**. to consider |

**----- HẾT -----**